

HF / VHF Transceiver

PT-8000A



Operating Manual

Version 2.00.42

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HF / VHF Transceiver

Hilberling PT-8000A

Operating Manual

PT-8000A, HN-8000 and T9 are developed and manufactured in the EU

by

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IMPORTANT NOTE AND PRECAUTIONS

Important

Read and save this Operating Manual carefully before attempting to operate the HF/VHF PT-8000A transceiver. This manual contains important safety and operating instructions for the transceiver.

Precautions



WARNING HIGH VOLTAGE! NEVER touch an antenna or internal antenna connector during transmission. This may result in an electrical shock or burn of your skin by high-frequency.



NEVER apply AC to the DC socket on the transceiver rear panel. This will ruin the transceiver and may cause fire.



NEVER allow any object touch any internal parts or connectors on the rear panel of the transceiver. This could cause electrical shock and severe injury.



NEVER expose the PT-8000A to precipitation like rain or any liquid nor operate the transceiver in excessively dusty or very humid environment.



NEVER allow children or any unauthorized persons to operate the transceiver.

AVOID placing and using the transceiver in areas with temperatures below -15°C or above +50°C. If the environment temperature drops so low that the dew point is undercut, avoid operating before the devices are dried completely.

AVOID placing the transceiver and the power supply against a wall. This may inhibit proper air circulation and could cause overheat. Do not cover any air inlets and outlets at top, bottom and rear panel of the devices.

USE CARE when connecting the transceiver to a linear amplifier. Keep in mind the performance limits or operating ranges of electrical connectors and interfaces. Set the PT-8000A RF-output level to less than the linear amplifier's maximum input level to prevent amplifier damage.

USE CARE when not operating the transceiver with Hilberling T9 microphone. Others may have different pin assignments and connecting to the transceiver may cause damage to the transceiver and the microphone.

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FEDERAL COMMUNICATONS COMMISSION (FCC) STATEMENT

The Hilberling PT-8000A was tested and found to be in compliance with 47 CFR, Part 15 of the FCC Rules, as an unintentional radiator and as a generic receiver. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation.

FCC ID: V84PT8000

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and

(2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

CAUTION: Changes or modifications to the PT-8000A not expressly approved by Hilberling GmbH could void your authority to operate this transceiver under FCC regulations

3 INTRODUCTORY NOTES

3.1 Scope Of Delivery

Examine your PT-8000A for signs of damage during shipping. Should any damage be apparent please take appropriate measures (contacting your carrier). We recommend to retain all packing material – it might be used for shipment of the radio.

Listed below are the hardware and all accessories delivered with your PT-8000A. Make sure you have received and unpacked everything:

Quantity	Description	Fig.		
1	Power Supply HN-8000	6		
1	Microphone T9	7		
1	AC Line Voltage Cable (Power Grid ⇔ HN-8000)	8		
1	DC Power Cable (HN-8000 ⇔ PT-8000A)	9		
1	Ground Cable (HN-8000 ⇔ PT-8000A)	10		
1	Speaker Cable (HN-8000 ⇔ PT-8000A)	11		
1	Data Cable (PC/Notebook ⇔ PT-8000A)	12		
1	1 Phono Plug 6,3mm			
1	DB-25 Male Plug (DSUB 25-pol)			
1 DA-15 Male Plug (DSUB 15-pol)				
1	DE-9 Male Plug (DSUB 9-pol)			
1	1 Operating Manual			
1	Software CD • PT-8000A IF Monitor Program (Windows®) • PT-8000A Update Program (Windows®) • Operating Manual (PDF)	13b		

<u>Tab. 1</u>

3.2 About This Manual

The PT-8000A represents primarily state of the art analog RF-design. However digital signal processing and microprocessor controlled circuits add to this transceiver in a synergistic way. Hence, features and functions can be easily improved and/or tailored to customer needs through updating the Hilberling GmbH firmware using the USB interface (please have a look at Appendix A2).



In this manual the following signs and symbols are used:



The STOP sign indicates a warning that must be obeyed for safety reasons.



This sign indicates an important explanation or a specific advice which should be obeyed.



An additional information or explanation is indicated this way.

3.3 Notes On Locating



When selecting the place for operating the PT-8000A bear in mind the general limitation concerning environmental conditions as outlined in the specifications and the cautions at the very beginning of this manual (P. ii).



Always handle the PT-8000A with care – consider the weight of more than 50 lbs, please!



Please make sure proper air circulation. Do not cover any air inlets and outlets at top, bottom and rear panel of the devices.



Choose the place of installation so that all connectors of the PT-8000A are reachable any time.

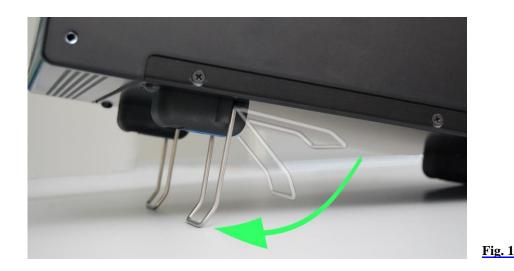


Select a power outlet that is capable to handle the power requirements. Connect your PT-8000A to a proper ground system – which is important for optimum operation of any HF transceiver – especially when operating high power by using an external amplifier. In the past, a ground connection to a copper water pipe was often used for this purpose. Recent revisions to the National Electric Code has made this practice a code violation. Bear in mind that modern supply water installations utilize plastic pipe – which do not function grounding purposes. Never use a gas or electric pipe since the connection could cause an explosion or electric shock. A good grounding system not only prevents electrical shock but also helps to ensure trouble free operation and will diminish television and broadcast interference (TVI/BCI).

For your convenience you might raise the front of PT-8000A and HN-8000 by unfolding and locking tilt bails mounted at the front equipment feet into front position as shown on Fig. 1 (see next page).



If a large resistance will complicate the unfolding, please spread the bail easy for hurdle the locking nib to avoid damage of the equipment foot.



3.4 Antenna Considerations / Antenna Tuner

Standing wave ratio (SWR) may increase significantly when using an antenna outside of the specific frequency range for which it is tuned. The final power amplifier will operate at peak performance only when its load is resistive – i.e. the SWR is close to 1.0.

Therefore the PT-8000A is equipped with an automatic antenna tuner (ATU) which does not actually tune the antenna. The ATU instead matches the feed line to the final amplifiers so they always "see" a SWR close to 1.0. The ATU has its limits – tuning mismatches with SWR greater than 2.0 become difficult and will exceed the capabilities of the ATU. Using a tuned or resonant antenna with 50 Ohm impedance at the feed point for the specific frequencies is highly recommended. The purpose of the ATU is to ensure that a resonant antenna can be used at the limits of the band selected with optimum performance of both PT-8000A and antenna system.

Never try to hook up a symmetrical open feeder line (balanced, twin-lead, ladder line etc.) directly to the PT-8000A. Instead use 50 ohm coaxial feeders only. The connectors supplied on the PT-8000A are all Type N.

With the ATU it is acceptable to use a broadband antenna system like a log periodic or T2FD system which trade wide bandwidth for an SWR ranging as high as 2.0.

4 CONNECTORS PT-8000A

In this chapter the connectors at the front and rear panel of the PT-8000 are explained.

4.1 Connectors at Rear Panel

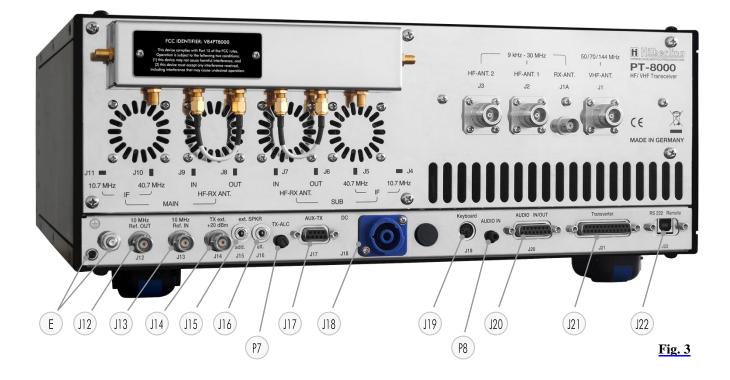
4.1.1 HF/VHF Connectors J1 - J11



No.	Name	Туре	Description
J1	VHF-ANT	Ν	Input / Output VHF Antenna Range 110 143,990 MHz (RX only)
	50/70/144 MHz		50 / 70 / 144 MHz Band (RX and TX)
J1A	rx-ant	BNC	Input VLF/LF/MF/HF Antenna Range 9 kHz 30 MHz (RX only)
	9 kHz 30 MHz		For DUPLEX mode the input may stay open during transmission.
J2	HF-ANT 1	Ν	Input / Output VLF/LF/MF/HF Antenna Range 9 kHz 30 MHz (RX and TX)
	9 kHz 30 MHz		
J3	HF-ANT 2	Ν	Input / Output VLF/LF/MF/HF Antenna Range 9 kHz 30 MHz (RX and TX)
	9 kHz 30 MHz		
J4	IF 10,7 MHz	SMA	Output 2nd IF 10.7 MHz of SUB-RX. The output is tapped after the 2nd mixer. No AGC and no 10.7MHz
	SUB		Xtal filter at that point. Thus bandwidths are determined by prefilters
J5	IF 40,7 MHz	SMA	Output 1st IF 40.7 MHz of SUB-RX. The output is tapped after the 1st mixer – thus being broadband when
	SUB		preselector is disengaged
J6	HF-RX ANT SUB	SMA	HF Antenna Signal for SUB-RX after passing internal antenna switch respectively TX/RX relay. Connected to
	OUT		J7 (by default) or to input of external equipment (QRM-eliminator, ANT-switch panel etc.)
J7	HF-RX ANT SUB	SMA	HF signal input for SUB-RX. Connected to J6 (by default) or to output of external equipment (QRM-
	IN		eliminator, ANT-switch panel etc.)
J8	HF-RX ANT MAIN	SMA	HF Antenna Signal for MAIN-RX after passing internal antenna switch respectively TX/RX relay. Connected to
	OUT		J9 (by default) or to input of external equipment (QRM-eliminator, ANT-switch panel etc.)
J9	HF-RX ANT MAIN	SMA	HF signal input for MAIN-RX. Connected to J8 (by default) or to output of external equipment (QRM-
	IN		eliminator, ANT-switch panel etc.)
J10	IF 40,7 MHz	SMA	Output 1st IF 40.7 MHz of MAIN-RX. The output is tapped after the 1st mixer – thus being broadband when
	MAIN		preselector is disengaged
J11	IF 10,7 MHz	SMA	Output 2nd IF 10.7 MHz of MAIN-RX. The output is tapped after the 2nd mixer. No AGC and no 10.7MHz
	MAIN		Xtal filter at that point. Thus bandwidths are determined by prefilters.

Tab. 2

4.1.2 Connection Sockets J12 - J22 and Operating Elements



No	Name	Туре	Description
E	\square	Socket 4 mm	Grounding wire (p 10 / Fig. 10) – must be connected toHN-8000 power supply
	Ē	Threaded Pin M6	Grounding stud – must be connected to station ground
J12	10 MHz Ref.	BNC	Input for an external 10 MHz reference signal (clock) for synchronization of PT-8000A to other
	OUT		equipment. The signal delivers +1dBm ±3dB level
J13	10 MHz Ref.	BNC	Output of an external 10 MHz reference clock for synchronization of external equipment to
	IN		PT-8000A. Input 10 MHz signal level > -10dBm.
J14	TX ext.	BNC	TX external output (1.8148 MHz). Level is +20 dBm to drive transverter or external power
	+20 dBm		amplifier
J15	ext. SPKR	EIA-453 / IEC 60603-11	60 kHz output: Connection to sound card for panorama display/waterfall diagram.
	add.	TRS 3.5 mm Socket	Requirements: Soundcard with 192 kHz sample rate ; Windows® PC ; Hilberling software "PT-
			8000A IF-Monitor", connecting cable
J16	ext. SPKR	EIA-453 / IEC 60603-11	Output audio MAIN- and SUB-RX/ only SUB-RX (Audio Norm/Split); 4.5 W max. @ 8 Ω ;
	alt.	TRS 3.5 mm Socket	connection external speaker, by default to Power Supply HN-8000 (cable P. 10 / Fig. 11);
J17	AUX-TX	DE-9	Auxiliary output/input for TX (wiring see P. 6 / Tab. 4)
	(PTT/ALC)	(D-SUB 9-pol)	
J18	DC	CliffCon	Power connector for interconnection cable to HN-8000 power supply DC 13.8V / 50V (cable
	IN	4-pol	P. 10 / Fig. 9)
J19	Keyboard	mini-DIN	Access to Main-CPU; further functions TBD
		PS/2 Socket	
J20	AUDIO	DA-15	Various audio signals MAIN/SUB in- and output (wiring see P. 6 / Tab. 4)
	IN/OUT	(D-SUB 15-pol)	
J21	Transverter	DB-25	Connect control cable to transverter (wiring see P. 6 / Tab. 4)
		(D-SUB 25-pol)	
J22	RS232	USB-B	Input/output data (cable P. 10 / Fig. 12)
	Remote		1. Connect external equipment to remotely control the PT-8000A (CAT)
			2. Interface to update firmware of PT-8000A
P7	TX-ALC		Sensitivity of ALC input (J17, pin 6) from external PA to reduce TX power out (0 – 10 V)
P8	AUDIO IN		Sensitivity of Audio data input (J20, pin 2) – rated 0 dBm @ 50 Ω

Tab. 3



4.1.3 Wiring J15 - J21

No	Name	Туре	Function And Outline			
J15	ext. SPKR add.		 Tip 60 kHz OUT MAIN RX Ring 60 kHz OUT SUB RX Sleeve GND Caution: Using mono type plugs will shorten the audio output and may damage the transceiver 			
J16	ext. SPKR alt.	and the second sec	STATUS: Audio NORM Audio SPLIT 1 Tip AUDIO OUT MAIN and SUB RX SUB RX 2 Ring <not connected=""> Sleeve GND 3 Sleeve GND GND Caution: Using mono type plugs will shorten the audio output and may damage the transceiver</not>			
J17	AUX-TX (PTT/ALC)	6 7 8 9 7 8 9 1 2 3 4 5	1 PTT to HF-PA 6 EXT ALC IN (0 10 V **) 2 PTT EXT IN 7 PTT to HF-PA 3 PO FORWARD DC OUT 8 PO REFLECTED DC OUT 4 PTT to VHF-PA * 9 EXT TUN/PA READY=LOW 5 GND ** adjustable by P7			
J18	DC IN		 2- 13.8 V DC (RX ; switched by relay) 1+ 50 V DC (PA ; switched by relay) 1- GND 2+ 13.8 V DC (Relay HN ; switched to GND by PT8000 switch POWER 			
J19	Keyboard		1 DATA 2 <not connected=""> 3 GND 4 V_{CC} 5 CLK 6 < not connected ></not>			
J20	AUDIO IN/OUT	$\begin{array}{c} 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 & 13 & 14 & 15 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 14 & 15 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \end{array}$	1PTT AUDIO A9PTT AUDIO B2AUDIO DATA IN10AUDIO DATA GND3AUDIO DATA GND11AUDIO DATA OUT4GND12GND5AUDIO OUT MAIN-RX13GND6GND14AUDIO OUT SUB-RX7GND15TP18TP2TP2			
J21	Transverter	6 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	1GND14AGC VOLTAGE MAIN2AGC VOLTAGE SUB15DATA EXT PA A3DATA EXT PA B16DATA EXT PA C4DATA EXT PA D17GND5+12V Transverter 1 ***18PTT Transverter 1 A6PTT Transverter 2 ***20PTT Transverter 2 A8PTT Transverter 2 B21GND9< not connected >22< not connected >10DC EXT PA CONTROL23GND11GND24RS232 TX12RS232 RX25GND			
			13 GND **** max. 1 Ampere Tab. 4			

<u>Tab. 4</u>

4.2 Connectors at Front Panel

4.2.1 Connection Sockets 1 - 3



No.	Name	Туре	Description		
1	MIC-PTT	Microphone Threaded Socket	Microphone connector for Hilberling T9 and Data input 0 dBm		
		8-pol			
2	PHONE	EIA-453 / IEC 60603-11	1 Headphones (impedance 8 600 Ohm)		
		TRS 6.3 mm Socket			
3	CW-KEY EIA-453 / IEC 60603-11 Connector: –Keyer for CW (morse key/ keyer with Paddle / automatic keyer)		Connector: –Keyer for CW (morse key/ keyer with Paddle / automatic keyer)		
		TRS 6.3 mm Socket	– Control of internal CW Keyer		
			<u>Tab. 5</u>		

4.2.2 Wiring

No.	Name	Figure		Function And Outline			
1	MIC-PTT 0 dBm		1 MIC AUDIO IN 2 PTT 3 MAIN-RX AUDIO OUT (e.g. headset) 4 0 dBm IN 5 MIC AUDIO IN / DC +10 V internal 6 SUB- RX AUDIO (e.g. headset) 7 MIC GND 8 PTT GND				
2	PHONE	PROFE TO THE TOTAL OF TOTAL OF THE TOTAL OF TOTALOF OF TOTAL OF TOTAL OF TOTAL OF TOTAL OF TOTAL OF TOTAL	1 Tip 2 Ring 3 Sleeve NOTE:	Audio fo	 + Audio OUT MAIN + Audio OUT SUB GND or PHONE is derived from audio preamplifier ly designed for phone operations. Using mono type plugs will shorten the audio output and may damage the 		
3	CW-KEY	CW-KEY COLORADO	1 Tip 2 Ring 3 Sleeve			Ext. <u>Keyer **</u> CW-Key < not connected> GND • (iambic or normal) (s. P. 64) ng an external keyer (s. P. 64)	

5 POWER SUPPLY HN-8000

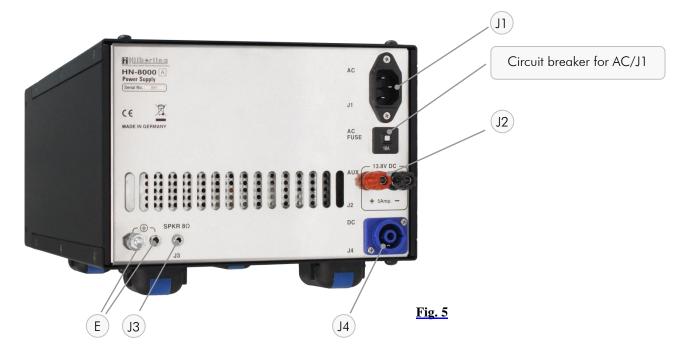
5.1 General Description

Each PT-8000A is equipped with its power supply HN-8000, which delivers 13.8 V DC @ 8 Amps internal / 5 Amps. external and additional 50 V DC @ 14 Amp. max., i.e. the overall performance is about 900 W.

Operating voltages from the mains can be in the range of 90 VAC to 260 VAC without any degradation in output power. Only the efficiency will vary slightly. It complies with special regulations in some countries regarding power factor compensation (PFC). The HN-8000 provides triple HF shielding and feedthrough filters.

In addition the HN-8000 provides an auxiliary output 13.8 VDC @ 5 Amp at the back panel, e.g. to deliver further shack equipment.

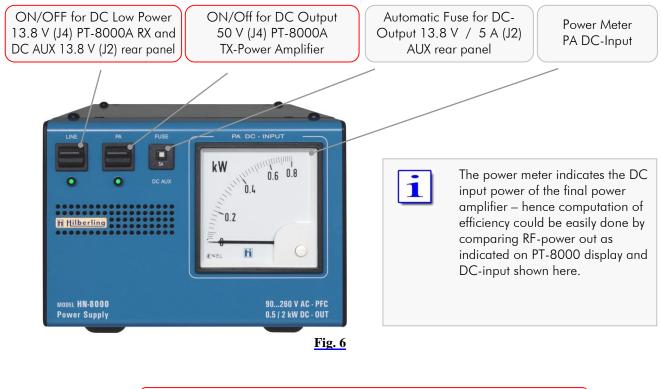
5.2 Connectors at Rear Panel

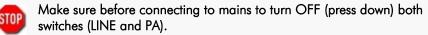


Connection Sockets J1 - J4

No	Name	Туре	Description		
J1	AC	IEC-60320-C13 male connector	Input main power 90 – 260 V AC 50/60 Hz (cable P. 10 / Fig. 8);		
J2	AUX 13.8 VDC	2x Socket 4 mm; + Clamp	Auxiliary output 13.8 V DC / 5 Amp.		
_	\bigcirc	Socket 4 mm	Grounding wire – must be connected to PT-8000A transceiver (cable P.10 / Fig. 10)		
E		Threaded Pin M6	Grounding stud – must be connected to PT-8000A transceiver and to station ground		
.13	3 SPKR 8 Ω	EIA-453 / IEC 60603-11	Input audio signal MAIN- and SUB-RX/ only SUB-RX (Audio Norm/Split) from PT-		
10		TRS 3.5 mm Socket	8000A socket J16 to built-in speaker; 4.5 W max. @ 8 Ω ; (cable P. 10 / Fig. 11)		
.]4	DC	Cliffcon Socket	Power connector for interconnection cable to PT-8000A (cable P. 10 / Fig. 9; PT-		
J4	DC	4-pol	8000A Socket J18)		
	AC-FUSE		Circuit breaker for AC mains at rear panel socket J1 rated 16 Amp @ 90 – 260 V AC		

5.3 Operating and Display Elements at Front Panel





6 ACCESSORIES

6.1 Base Station Microphone Dynamic T9



Best suited for all voice operations is the Hilberling Dynamic T9 especially designed for the PT-8000A.

Isolated from any mechanical vibrations and designed to be used from more closer as well as from greater distance it will always guarantee high fidelity audio and if desired an extra punch to the signal.

It is equipped with a microphone preamp.

Impedance is 600 Ω @ 1 kHz. The acoustic characteristic is kidney-shaped. Finish: Black anodized

<u>Fig. 7</u>

6.2 Wiring / Cables



AC line voltage cable (power grid ⇔ HN-8000) length approx. 1.7 m





6.3 Operating Manual and Software/Documentation CD



Fig. 12

This manual version 2.00.xx



<u>Fig. 13b</u>

7 INSTALLATION / INITIAL OPERATION

7.1 Introduction



Prior to any operation of the PT-8000A read this Operation Manual carefully notably before activating the transmitter.

The PT-8000A will be delivered with following presettings:

- The preselectors of both RX are calibrated and all data are stored in RX-CPU memory, which is buffered through a NiCd battery.
- The transmitter is unlocked according to the band plans of that IARU region (see Page 36) the PT-8000A is delivered.

The IARU region can be changed by software update.



Prior applying main power to the power supply HN-8000 please verify the following points (7.2).

7.2 Cable Connectors

Please check at the rear panel of PT-8000A and HN-8000:

- Antenna(s) is/are connected properly
- Grounding stud is connected to station ground
- Grounding wire is connected to both PT-8000A and HN-8000
- DC cable is connected to both PT-8000A and HN-8000



For initial operation we recommend not to connect external amplifier, transverter or devices for remote operation.

7.3 Initial Settings

Please check at the front panel of HN-8000 (see Page 9):

Both switches (LINE and PA) are pushed down (off)

Please check at the front panel of PT-8000A (see Page 12):

- Main switch (POWER) is pushed down (off)
- Volume controls MAIN and SUB are set fully counter-clockwise
- TX-PWR knob is set fully counter-clockwise
- MIC-GAIN knob is set fully counter-clockwise
- PROC knob is set fully counter-clockwise
- Microphone T9 is connected

Power On

- Connect power supply HN-8000 to main power
- Turn on both LINE and PA on HN-8000
- Turn on POWER at PT-8000A



It is up to the operator to switch PA off (switch PA at the HN-8000) during <u>reception</u> <u>only</u>.

8 OPERATING AND DISPLAY ELEMENTS

In this chapter, the operating and display elements will be introduced.

8.1 Main Operating and Display Elements



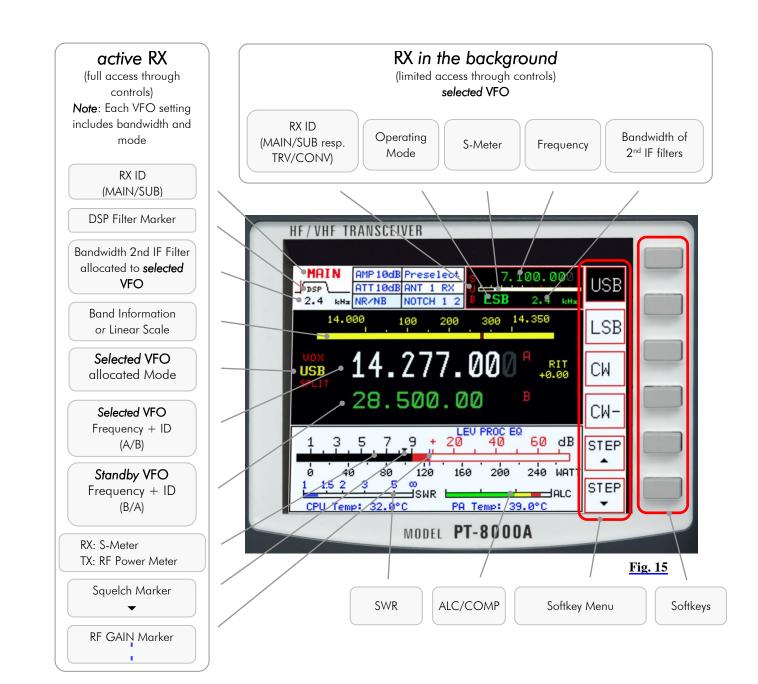
Function	Name	Description
Power ON⇔OFF	POWER	All supply voltages from power supply HN-8000 are disconnected by this switch
		Before turning ON verify settings for MIC-GAIN, PROC, TX-PWR and audio
		volume settings for MAIN and SUB-RX are turned fully counter-clockwise.
		After switching ON:
		LED MAIN-RX will illuminate
		• LEDs of all pushbuttons will illuminate for 1 second (functional check)
ひ Volume MAIN-RX	MAIN	Volume for audio MAIN-Receiver.
(PT + HN / PT only)		The RX is always turned on – audio is always present regardless of RX-status (active or in the
→ ON⇔OFF Speaker		background – see below).
(PT only)		Pushing toggles the speaker of PT-8000A ON and OFF (s. P. 53).
ひ Volume SUB-RX	SUB	Volume for audio SUB-Receiver.
(PT + HN / HN only)		The RX is always turned on – audio is always present regardless of RX-status (active or in the
→ ON⇔OFF Speaker		background – see below).
(HN only)		Pushing toggles the speaker of HN-8000 ON and OFF (s. P. 53).
TFT-Display	÷	The display represents the primary means to control through "Softkeys" and to show all relevant data
		for RX and TX operations.
Primary VFO Tuning Knob	÷	Tuning of VFO A/B of active RX. MAIN- and SUB-RX are always receiving. The term active is used in
active RX		the following context: Active means which RX (MAIN or SUB) is controlled by the main Display
		(through soft switches) and which RX-Data is completely shown in the display.
		Default setting: MAIN RX is the active RX.
Secondary VFO Tuning	SUB VFO	Tuning of VFO A/B of RX, which is not the active one i.e. working in the Background (see above).
Knob background RX		Default setting: SUB-RX is in the background
Set internal Reference	REF-SET	When operating the PT-8000A with its internal reference (10MHz-VCXO) this control will allow
		calibration the VCXO. Tuning range \pm 1 ppm (s. P. 54). The LED EXT-REF will illuminate if an
		external reference signal is detected

<u> Tab. 8</u>

8.2 TFT-Display

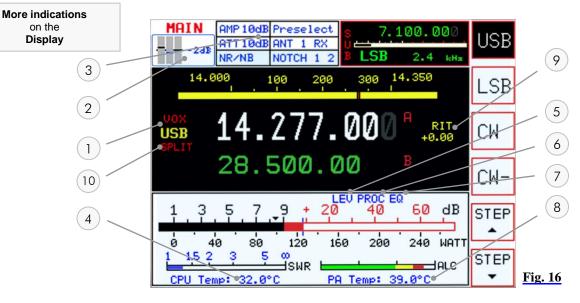
The display of the PT-8000A shows relevant data of both receivers, MAIN-RX and SUB-RX, and the transmitter (TX):

- All settings for the active RX
- Main settings for the RX in the background
- General Data for RX and TX
- Functions to be activated by the adjacent keys (softkeys)



Softkeys and Softkey Menu The six keys (so-called *softkeys*) right next to the display give access to the functions named on the display at right border (in the *Softkey Menu*). The functions can be: Activate a device function, selection of an adjustment option, call up of superior or submenu.

Thus adapted softkey menus for almost all pushbuttons on the front panel allow direct access to many allocated functions.



No	Module/Function	Description	Options	Page
1	VOX	Voice Operated TX	ON / OFF	69
2	3-Band TX-EQ Display	Only if EQ menu is active		63
3	Status-Field	Antenna and RX adjustments	s. Tab. 10	s. b.
4	Temperature MAIN-CPU		_	
5	LEVELER	TX Audio Dynamic Controller	ON / OFF	62
6	PROCESSOR	TX IF-2 Compression	ON / OFF	68
7	EQUALIZER	TX 3-Band EQ	ON / OFF	63
8	Temperature PA		_	
9	RIT / XIT		ON / OFF	43
10	SPLIT		ON / OFF	41/42

<u>Tab. 9</u>

Notch 1 2

AMP-DC

60 <u>Tab. 10</u>

both ON

ON / OFF

Displayed Op in the Status Fie		s HF Mode			VHF Mode	Э	
	135	AMP 10dB Preselect ATT 10dB ANT 1 R NR/NB NOTCH 1 Fig.	2	4 7 - AN	APVHF APDCANT R/NBNotch		4
	No	Module/Function	Mode	Description	Options	Display	Page
	1	Antenna Preamplifier	HF	1.8 30MHz	ON / OFF	AMP 10dB	58
	· · ·	Anienna rreampiner	VHF	50 148MHz	ON / OFF	AMP VHF	60
	2	Preselector	HF	1.8 30MHz	ON / OFF	Preselect	58
	3	Antenna Attenuator	HF		ON / OFF	ATT 10dB	59
	4 Antenr				HF-ANT 1	ANT 1	
		Antenna Connector	HF	Alternatively select	HF-ANT 1+RX	ANT 1 RX	58
	4	Anienna Connecion			HF-ANT 2	ANT 2	
			VHF	Firmly assigned	VHF-ANT	ANT VHF	
		Noise Reduction	HF/VHF	DSP NR	ON / OFF	NR	
	5	Noise Blanker	111/11	RX NB	ON / OFF	NB	48
					both ON	NR/NB	
		Notch Filter DSP	HF/VHF	DSP Notch Filter	ON / OFF	Notch 1	
	6	Notch Filter IF	111/11	IF Notch Filter	ON / OFF	Notch 2	47

VHF

For external purpose

7

12V Power Supply

14

8.3 Clustered Front Panel Controls

Various fix function keys (pushbuttons; in opposite to softkeys with variable functions, right of display, see Page 13) are clustered in several button areas as shown below. Detailed description of functions starts at Page 20.

Pushing each (grey) button causes a beep; its volume is adjustable by the ZERO-BEAT knob (see next page).



8.4 Controls with Integrated Push-Button Function and Controls for Adjustments



8.5 Side Panel Controls (Level Adjustments)

Sometimes it can be necessary to customize the input and output level of the PT-8000A for special requirements. Boreholes in both left and right hand side enable the access to trim potentiometers which allow manipulating the preadjustment of levels.

8.5.1 Input Level – Left Hand Side



Microphone Sensitivity (Preadjustment)

 Socket MIC-PTT Pin 1/5 (front panel); fine adjustment with knob MIC (see Page 68)

Adjustment Level DATA Input / OdBm Input

- Socket J20 AUDIO IN/OUT Pin 2 (rear panel)
- Socket MIC-PTT Pin 4 (front panel)

The adjustment of sensitivity from MIC and Data Input are twofold: Coarse adjustment (P2) is done at an early stage right after the input transformers. MIC gain settings from the front panel controls amplifier and gain leveler circuit on the TX board.

8.5.2 Output Level - Right Hand Side





Please use an appropriate tool to adjust the controls to prevent any damage to the variable resistors.



8.6 Pushbuttons with LED Status Display



To inform about the status of several main functions of the PT-8000A – in addition to display information – some pushbuttons are equipped with LED, respectively the status of fundamental operating conditions are indicated by LED.

Status displays as follows:

LED glows	Meaning	Page
MEM	Memory mode activated	36
CHANNEL	Memory operation mode activated	34
DATA	Data mode activated	26
LOCK	VFO locking activated	44
RIT/XIT	RIT/XIT frequency deviation activated	43
	· <u>T</u>	ab. 11a

Further status displays:

LED glows

FILTER

NR

NOTCH



	- DISPLAY			
	MENU	METER		
Fig. 22c	0	•		





	<u>T</u>	ab. 11d
LED glows	Meaning	Page
AGC	Automatic Gain Control <u>disabled</u>	50
SCAN **	Storage Frequency Scanning activated	52

DSP Noise Reduction activated

DSP Filter activated

LED glowsMeaningPageTUNERAntenna Tuner activated67STARTAutomatic Antenna Tuner Adjustment
activated67

<u>Tab. 11b</u>

LED glows	Meaning	Page
MENU *	MENU menu activated – Calibration of internal Reference – Brightness of Display – Recording Functions (Voice-Recorder) – Audio NORMAL/SPLIT Setting	53 54 55 56 53
METER *	Scale selection – ALC / COMP – S-Meter / dBm / dBµV	57

Meaning

Automatic DSP Multi-Notch Filter activated

<u>Tab. 11c</u>

Page

45

47

48

8.7 LED Status Display

The three main modes of PT-8000A (MAIN-RX / SUB-RX / TX) are displayed with colored LED.

MAIN-RX and SUB-RX

TX

0

тх

SUB-RX

0

SUB-RX

SUB-RX

- 💿

MAIN-RX

MAIN-RX

-

MAIN-RX

0-

Fig. 22f

The PT-8000A incorporates a transmitter and two independent receivers (MAIN RX and SUB-RX). Both receivers are permanently operating. Even if a receiver is *in the background* i.e. not fully accessible through all main controls the receiver is operating with its last settings when it has been the *active* one.

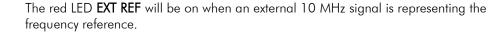
One transmitter and two receivers are operated in three main modes:

- MAIN-RX is active and SUB is working in the background (green MAIN-RX LED is on)
- SUB-RX is active and MAIN is working in the background (yellow **SUB-RX** LED is on)
- TX is operating (red TX-LED is on)

Note: The **MAIN RX VFOs** will always determine the transmit (TX) frequencies and other operating parameters.

Exception Split-Mode: In this case the *selected* (displayed) **SUB-RX-VFO** determines the transmit frequency (see Page 42).







The internal 10 MHz system clock no longer takes effect.

9 MAIN- AND SUB-RX OPERATIONS



Fig. 23



The PT-8000A incorporates a transmitter and two independent receivers (MAIN-RX and SUB-RX). Both receivers are permanently operating. Even if a receiver is *in the background* i.e. not fully accessible through all main controls the receiver is operating with its last settings when it has been the *active* one.

Using MAIN- and SUB-RX allows duplex operation mode.

Each of the two RX provides again two VFO: VFO A and VFO B. The active VFO is called selected VFO, the other is called VFO *in standby* (s. P. 40).

Two controls are doubled, hence for these functions MAIN-/SUB-RX are always accessible regardless of their status active or stand-by:

- The selected VFO of the active RX (usually MAIN-RX) is always accessible through MAIN tuning knob. The selected VFO of the RX working in the background (usually SUB RX) is always accessible through SUB VFO knob.
- 2. The volume of MAIN- and SUB-RX is permanently adjustable through the respective controls ▶ MAIN and ▶ SUB.

Both knobs have a *push* function: Pushing ▶ MAIN will turn off PT-8000A speaker, pushing ▶ SUB will turn off HN-8000 speaker. (see also Page 53).

The push button MAIN/SUB (located in the cluster MODE) toggles between the two RX changing their status active or background.

After power on the PT-8000A the MAIN-RX is the active one (corresponding SUB-RX is working *in the background*).

- LED MAIN-RX and LED SUB-RX indicate which RX is the active one and so which is accessible through all knobs and buttons on the front panel.
- In the upper left corner the display shows the label of the active one (MAIN or SUB).
- Frequency, mode, filter bandwidths and S-meters are displayed for MAIN <u>and</u> SUB respectively (see Figure 24).
- Activation of noise reduction (NR), noise blanker (NB), DSP Filter, DSP-Notch, IF-Notch, preamplifier, preselector and the squelch marker are displayed <u>for the</u> <u>active RX exclusively</u>.





When toggling between MAIN- and SUB-RX the actual settings of the controls used at last are <u>not</u> transferred to the new active RX – instead the former settings of this RX are the actual one – until they are overwritten by the respective control.

Example	The squelch threshold set to the RX working <i>in the background</i> will stay the actual one when this RX becomes the <i>active</i> – until one touches the squelch control to set the threshold to a new setting.
i	The large S-meter is always allocated to the <i>active</i> RX. The smaller S-meter is indicating the field strength of the RX working <i>in the background</i> .
	Transmitting (TX) is only possible when MAIN-RX is the active one and SUB-RX is working in the background.
	When transmitting the SUB-RX may be used to monitor own RF-signal. Receiving with SUB-RX on a separate antenna is limited however: Excessive field strength may trip the protection circuits. Receiving at frequencies adjacent to the transmitting frequency may be limited even by the superior dynamic characteristics of the PT-8000A receivers -

which are of course finite.



10 MODES OF OPERATION MODE



In order to select different operating modes pushbuttons (keys) are available in the clustered area MODE:

Key	Mode	Page
SSB / CW	USB / LSB and CW / CW–	s. b.
AM / FM	AM / AME USB / AME LSB and FM / FM RPT / FM RPT–	24
DATA	connectable "sub mode"	26
		Tab. 12

Fig. 25

When <u>SSB/CW</u> or <u>AM/FM</u> button is pushed the last selected mode (SSB/CW or AM/FM) is memorized and reactivated.

When e.g. a band key with other adjustments were active before, the adjustments of the buttons $\overline{\text{SSB/CW}}$ and $\overline{\text{AM/FM}}$ are preserved.

The display shows the activated mode left hand of frequency. The corresponding softkey is shown inverse.

10.1 Single Side Band and Continuous Wave SSB / CW



Pushing <u>SSB/CW</u> button activates the allocated last used mode (USB, LSB, CW or CW–) and will call up the SSB/CW menu.

If this is e.g. a SSB mode, a second press toggles to the last activated CW mode.

10.1.1 SSB Single Side Band

SSB/CW menu	
USB	Upper Side Band; the softkey will be displayed inverse (as shown here); the display will show <mark>USB</mark> (left of frequency).
LSB	Lower Side Band; the softkey will be displayed inverse; the display will show LSB (left of frequency).
CW F	Continuous Wave normal mode (CW-pitch in USB); the softkey will be displayed inverse; the display will show CW (left of frequency).
CW-F	Continuous Wave inverse mode (CW-pitch in LSB); the softkey will be displayed inverse; the display will show CW- (left of frequency).
STEP UF0 Fig. 26	Cyclic change of frequency tuning steps: → 1 Hz → 10 Hz → 100 Hz → 1 kHz → ←

10.1.2 CW Continuous Wave



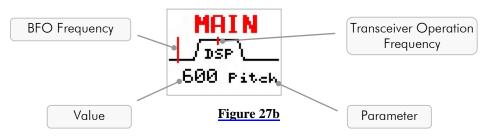
Fig. 27a

In CW (resp. CW-) mode the parameters Pitch, Width and BFO as well as their specific value can be selected by using the knob WIDTH/SHIFT.

Pushing WIDTH/SHIFT knob will cycle between the parameters:

$$\rightarrow \text{Pitch} \rightarrow \text{Width} \rightarrow \text{BFO} \rightarrow \neg$$

The chosen parameter and its current value are displayed left of status field in combination with a small graphic:



Turning WIDTH/SHIFT knob will allow the following:

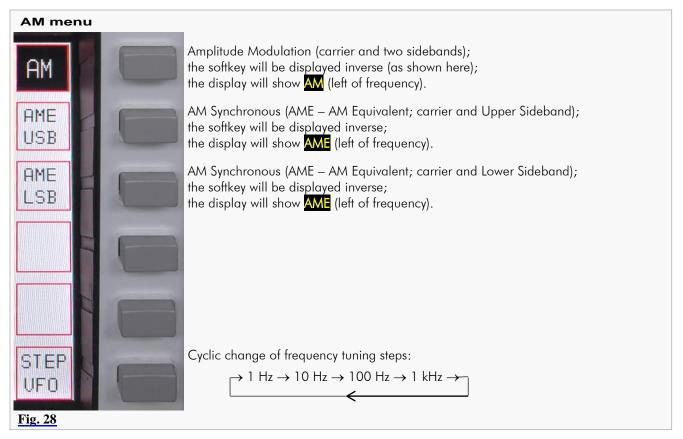
MAIN DSP 600 Pitch	Pitch	Varying the distance of the BFO frequency against the transceiver operation frequency (and against the filter center frequency; transceiver operation frequency and filter are linked). The tone pitch of the received signal is changing.			
		Tuning range:	400 1000 Hz		
		Increments:	50 Hz (DSP on and off)		
MAIN	Width	Select filter bandwi	dth to following values:		
/⊅śр\ 200 н≖		DSP on:	50 / 100 / 200 / 400 / 500 Hz		
		DSP off:	500 Hz (fixed) (/ 250 Hz wi	ith optional hardware extension *)	
MAIN JSP -10 BF0	BFO	transceiver operation frequency are linke	lter center frequency) against on frequency (BFO frequency d). ne received signal does not ch	and transceiver operation	
		Tuning range:	–250 Hz +250 Hz		
		Increments:	10 Hz (DSP on and off)		
i	After pov	ower on the BFO offset is set to zero (default value).			
		quency of the monitoring TX signal (800 Hz ; volume adjustable by the <i>Monitor</i> , see page 70 ; 20.7 ; Fig. 109), is not influenced by the <i>Pitch</i> value.			

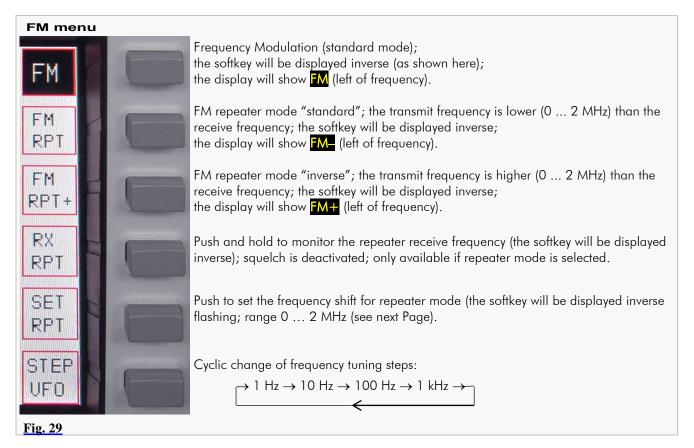


10.2 AM / FM Amplitude Modulation / Frequency Modulation



Pushing <u>AM/FM</u> button activates the last used mode (AM, AME USB, AME LSB, FM, FM RPT or FM RPT+) and will call up the allocated softkey menu (AM menu respectively FM menu). Is this e.g. one of the AM modes, pushing <u>AM/FM</u> again toggles to the last activated FM mode.





10.2.1 Repeater Mode - How to Set the Repeater Frequency Shift

SET RPT	When pushing <u>SET RPT</u> softkey (FM menu):
SET RPT	 SET RPT softkey will flash inverse. VFO display will show the actual transmit frequency. Band- respectively linear scale changes (range 0 2.000) Set VFO to desired transmit frequency hence define the shift within a tuning range from 0 2000 kHz. The frequency resolution selected for the VFO will apply for this setting. It can be modified by <u>STEP-VFO</u> softkey in the same menu. Alternatively use STEP-VFO knob to set the frequency shift.
i	The frequency shift is used both for RPT– and RPT+.
	Switch to a different operating mode will terminate the setting as well. Numerical frequency shift input is not possible.

10.2.2 Repeater Mode – TX Frequency Display

Activation of PTT (pushing TX-ON button in the cluster ANT-TUNER respectively TX pushbutton at Microphone T9) changes frequency display of the selected VFO:

Now the TX frequency – decreased (FM-) or increased (FM+) by adjusted frequency shift - is shown.



DATA

0

DATA

0

10.3 DATA Transmission (Digital Operation Modes)

The function DATA enables to send out signals which modulate the transmitter by using following inputs:

- 0 dBm IN (microphone socket MIC-PTT pin 4, see Page 7 Tab. 6)
- AUDIO DATA IN (J20 AUDIO IN/OUT pin 2, see Page 6 Tab. 4)

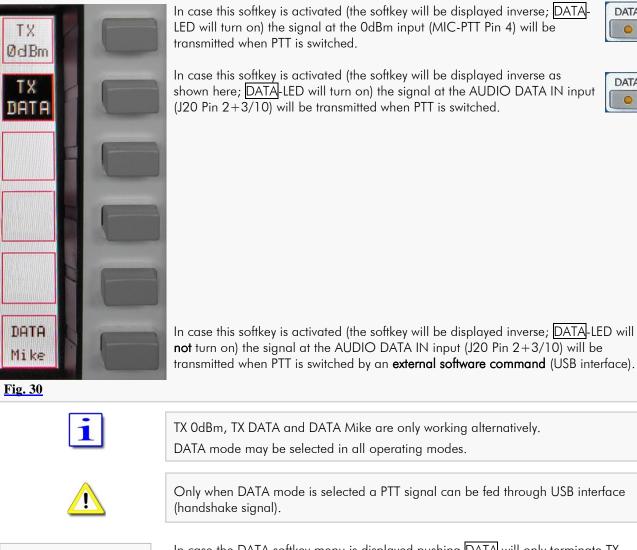
This is basically possible with all modes – where appropriate. Thus why it is called "sub mode"

When pushing DATA button located in the cluster MODE:

- DATA-LED will stay off.
- DATA menu will be called up.

DATA menu

DATA C



Alternative Termination of DATA Operation

In case the DATA softkey menu is displayed pushing DATA will only terminate TX OdBm or TX DATA mode.

If the menu is not displayed pushing DATA will call it up and a second push will terminate the aforementioned DATA operations:



DATA-LED will turn off.

11 SELECTING FREQUENCIES

To select or change a frequency there are the following options:

- Select with band buttons (see below).
- Numerical input (see Page 32).
- Recall from a memory channel (see Page 34).

11.1 Select with BAND Buttons



Pushing a band pushbutton selects one of two stored frequencies within the desired band (see Table 13 and 14).

The MF and each HF amateur radio band (excl. 60 m) is allocated to a pushbutton in the cluster BAND.

The VHF amateur radio bands and the RX-only range from 110 MHz are accessible by the $\boxed{0 \text{ VHF}}$ button in the cluster MODE and additional select in the VHF softkey menu.

<u>Fig. 31</u>

Each band button stores two frequencies exclusively for this band. Pressing the button again will toggle between the last two frequencies used within this band.

The last used frequency within a band is stored automatically, so the stored frequency will change continuously when tuning <u>within</u> the band with VFO knob or STEP-VFO knob.

In case the BAND limits are exceeded through tuning <u>the last valid frequency that has</u> <u>been stored</u> will remain. Press button again for return the PT-8000A to the last used frequency.

The two stored frequencies of a band are correlated to each VFO. Selecting the alternate VFO will give access to another two frequencies in that band (which were used with this VFO). Of course this is applicable for both MAIN- and SUB-RX.



Mode, filter adjustments (width/shift), antenna and tuning increments (STEP VFO) are stored along with the respective frequency.



A numerical input of a frequency (see Page 32) within the selected band will overwrite one of the two stored frequencies (the last frequency used).

11.1.1 HF Amateur Radio Bands



Pressing e.g. 14 5 button (located in the cluster BAND) selects the last used frequency within the 20 m band of the selected VFO. The VFO menu (see Page 41) will be displayed.

Pressing band key again will toggle between the last two frequencies used within this band.



Two more frequencies are allocated to the "stand-by"-VFO.



The following MF/HF amateur radio bands – slightly modified depending on IARU region the TRX will operate – are defined in the PT-8000A software as TX bands. They are directly selectable with band pushbuttons (except 60 m):

Button	Band	Sign		Frequer	ncy Range
1.8 1	160 m	MF	1.8101 /1.8002,3		2.000 MHz
3.5 2	80 m		3.500		3.800 ¹ / 4.000 ² / 3.900 ³ MHz
-	60 m		5.260		5.410 MHz
7.0 3	40 m		7.000		7.200 ¹ / 7.300 ^{2,3} MHz
10 4	30 m		10.100		10.150 MHz
14 5	20 m	HF	14.000		14.350 MHz
18 6	17 m		18.068		18.168 MHz
21 7	15 m		21.000		21.450 MHz
24 8	12 m		24.890		24.990 MHz
28 9	10 m		28.000		29.700 MHz
		¹ = IARU F	Region 1 $^2 = IARUI$	Region 2	3 = IARU Region 3 Tab. 13

 1 = IARU Region 1 ² = IARU Region 2

³ = IARU Region 3

³ = IARU Region 3

Tab. 14

11.1.2 VHF Amateur Radio Bands

OVHF

Pushing OVHF button (located in the cluster MODE) will call up the VHF menu and will recall the last frequency used in VHF (50 MHz, 70 MHz, 144 MHz or 110 MHz). The respective band will be displayed inverse in the VFO softkey menu (s. P. 41).

Like on HF the last two frequencies used on VHF are recalled through the O VHF button.



Two more frequencies are allocated to the stand-by-VFO.

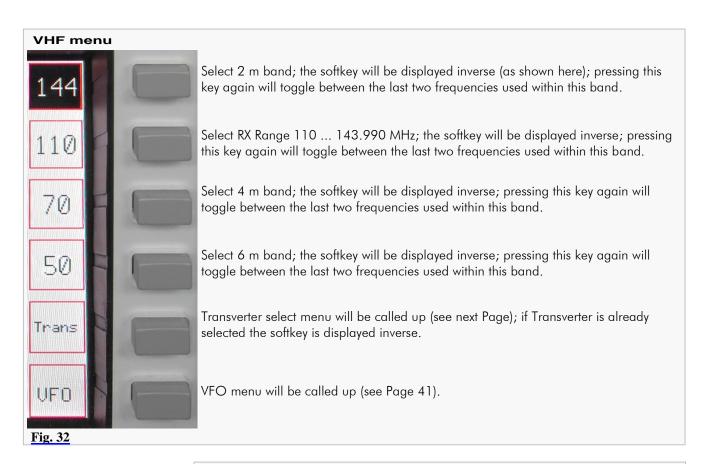
The following VHF amateur radio bands are defined in the PT-8000A software and selectable with softkeys (plus one additional RX range):

Button	Band	Sign	Frequency Range
$0 \text{ VHF} \rightarrow \text{Softkey} 50$	6 m	- VHF	50.000 52.000 ¹ / 54.000 ^{2,3} MHz
$0 \text{ VHF} \rightarrow \text{Softkey} 70$	4 m		70.000 ¹ / 69.900 ² 70.500 ¹ / 70.700 ² MHz
$0 \text{ VHF} \rightarrow \text{Softkey} 144$	2 m		144.000 146.000 ¹ / 148.00 ^{2,3} MHz
$0 \text{ VHF} \rightarrow \text{Softkey} 110$	RX Range		110.000 143.999 MHz

¹ = IARU Region 1 2 = IARU Region 2



If a transverter has been used the last time VHF was activated the respective softkey will be displayed inverse. The specific transverter will be activated again.





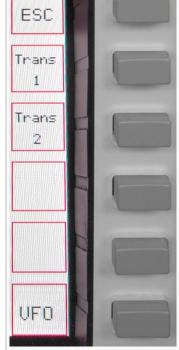
Only one transverter can be activated at a time for each of the receivers. To operate two transverters MAIN- and SUB-RX must be allocated to different transverters. It should be noted that it is not possible to form a transceiver with SUB-RX. Hereby the transverter only works as a converter.

11.1.3 Transverter Operation



Pushing Trans softkey (VHF menu) will call up allocated Transverter Select menu. If a transverter is already selected the softkey is displayed inverse.

Transverter Select menu



Return to VHF menu (see previous Page).

Select transverter #1; the softkey will be displayed inverse; pushing again will call up the Transverter Band Select menu (see below).

Select transverter #2; the softkey will be displayed inverse; pushing again will call up the Transverter Band Select menu (see below).

VFO menu will be called up (see Page 41).

Fig. 33



If transverter 1 is selected (displayed inverse) pushing again Trans 1 softkey will call up the Transverter Band Select menu (applies accordingly to Trans 2)

Transverter Band Select menu



Return to VHF menu (see previous Page).

Activates 2 m band (144 ... 148 MHz); the softkey will be displayed inverse; push again and hold allows to select a transverter operating band using STEP-VFO knob.



Activates 6 m band (50 ... 54 MHz); the softkey will be displayed inverse (as shown here); push again and hold allows to select a transverter operating band using STEP-VFO knob.

Activates 10 m band (28 ... 30 MHz); the softkey will be displayed inverse; push again and hold allows to select a transverter operating band using STEP-VFO knob.

Changing of allocated transverters

If one of the softkeys (144/50/28) is pushed and held the transverter operation frequency band is displayed instead of the standby VFO frequency, see Figure 35.



Using control STEP-VFO / MEM/CH gives access to all transverter operation frequency bands as listed below (Table 15).



When releasing the transverter softkey the new frequency band is transferred and will be stored.

Fig. 35

Transverter Operation Frequency Bands The following 13 transverter operation frequency bands are available:

No.		Frequency	r Range
1	432		434 MHz
2	435		437 MHz
3	1.268		1.270 GHz
4	1.296		1.298 GHz
5	2.320		2.322 GHz
6	3.400		3.402 GHz
7	3.456		3.458 GHz
8	5.760		5.762 GHz
9	10.368		10.370 GHz
10	10.450		10.452 GHz
11	24.048		24.050 GHz
12	47.088		47.090 GHz
13	75.976		75.978 GHz
-			Tab. 15



When the PT-8000A operates in transverter mode the transmitter output is directed to the TX-ext. connector on the rear panel (see Page 5 / Table 3 / socket J14).

A transverter for one of the bands shown in Table 15 must be selected so that it can operate properly with drive power 10 m, 6 m or 2 m.

Maximum power level at J14 is +20 dBm.

Hooking up multiple transverters requires external distribution of TX signals from TX-ext. J14.

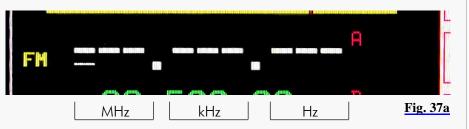


11.2 Numerical Frequency Input ENTER

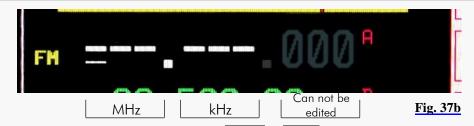


Pushing <u>ENTER</u> button located in the cluster MODE will call up the ENTER menu and will activate the numerical frequency input:

 The frequency display will show blanks for all digits. A cursor indicates ("_") which digit can be edited.



The number of blanks/diaits are shown depends on the resolution selected by using the Softkeys STEP \checkmark , STEP \checkmark or STEP VFO (s. P. 41). E.g. the resolution is 1 kHz the frequency will be displayed as follows:



- Pushing the respective numbers from 1.8 1 to 28 9 allocated to the BAND buttons (located in the cluster BAND) and 0 VHF (located in the cluster MODE) will insert the digits from left to right.
- Pushing ENTER button (located in the cluster MODE or softkey) again will complete the input; the RX transfers the frequency; the VFO menu will be displayed:

ENTER menu



Numerical input will be aborted; the last used frequency will be displayed instead; the last used softkey menu will be called up.

The cursor will jump to the next left position; the last digit input will be deleted; a leading empty digit will reappear.

Frequency input will be completed; the RX transfers the frequency (function the same as ENTER key in the cluster MODE);the VFO softkey menu will be displayed. Because the numerical input always starts with the 100 MHz digit possibly the <u>0 VHF</u> button first must be pushed. So this digit disappears and the Cursor jumps one digit to the right to the 10 MHz digit. These can be deleted as well by pushing <u>0 VHF</u> button again, the cursor jumps to the 1 MHz digit, etc.

It is not necessary to key all digits (e.g. "O"). Pushing ENTER after the last digit will set all lower digits to zero. After a valid numerical input is acknowledged the frequency will be displayed and the respective RX will operate on that frequency.

In case the least significant digit is typed in the numerical input is terminated and the frequency is transferred to the respective VFO (Pushing ENTER is not required). The RX operates with the new frequency.

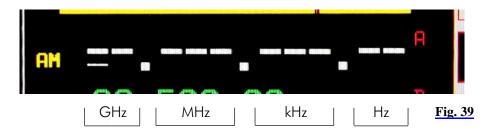
In case the input is not acknowledged through <u>ENTER</u> or completely input or not aborted through <u>ESC</u>, after a period of 10 seconds without any activity the numerical input will be terminated and the last frequency used will be selected again. The last used softkey menu will be called up.

If the entered frequency is outside of RX frequency ranges of the PT-8000A the VFO will jump to the upper border of the next lower RX frequency range. If input frequency is < 9 kHz it will jump to 9 kHz.



In case the input frequency is a valid BAND frequency one of the two stored frequencies of this BAND will be overwritten by the numerical input.

Numerical Input Transverter Operation In transverter operation two additional digits will be displayed for 1 and 10 gigahertz range:



In this case the 1 Hz digit is not available for numerical input.

11.3 Channel Operation

11.3.1 Recall of Stored Frequencies CHANNEL



Recalling of VFO adjustments (frequency, mode and filter bandwidth) is done pushing the CHANNEL button located in the cluster MODE. It gives access to 3 banks of memory each storing 99 channels provided by PT-8000A.

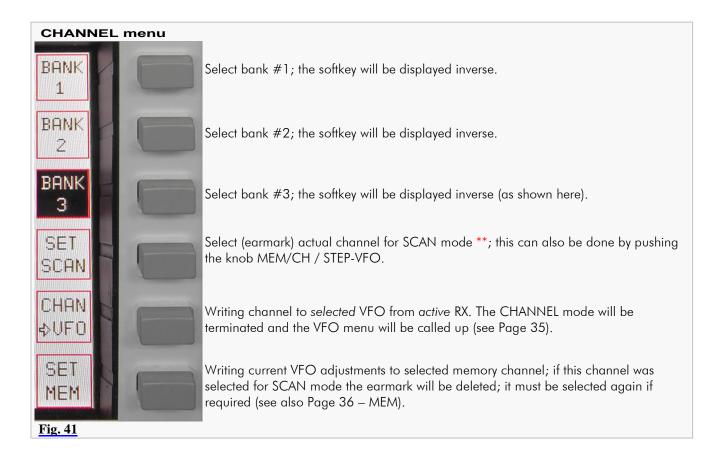
When a memory channel is selected the stored adjustments are active with the current RX immediately. They can be transferred to the VFO permanently (CHAN=>VFO) or can be restored with changed parameters as well (overwriting) (SET MEM).

When pushing CHANNEL:

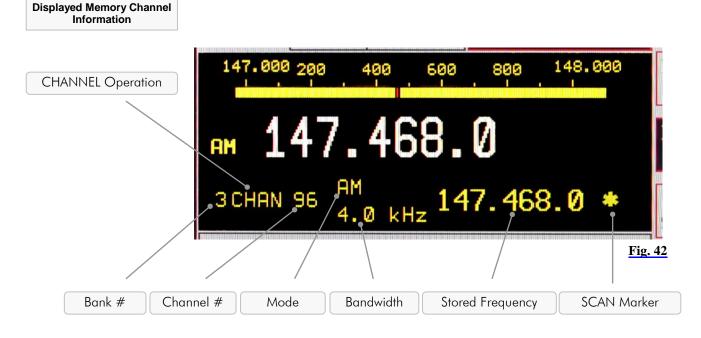
- The last used channel will be activated and the RX operates with its frequency and the other stored adjustments.
- CHANNEL LED will be on.
- CHANNEL menu will be called up (see below).
- The frequency display of the *standby* VFO will be substituted by information about the active channel (see Page 35 Figure 42).



When CHANNEL function is active toggling between MAIN-/SUB-RX and VFO-A/B is inhibited.



35





After selecting the memory bank through pushing softkeys <u>BANK 1</u>, <u>BANK 2</u> and <u>BANK 3</u> the control MEM/CH / STEP-VFO gives access to 99 memory channels by turning.

i

Both MAIN- and SUB-RX can read and write into the memory.

The frequency resolution of the stored value depends on the resolution of the current frequency. It will be written to the VFO in the same manner.

Channels which are selected for SCAN operation (see chapter 16, Page 52) are marked by an asterisk (*). If the frequency of the marked channel lies within the SCAN boundaries it will be used for SCAN operations. **

Termination of CHANNEL Operation If there was no memory content written to the VFO by pushing softkey CHAN=>VFO, pushing CHANNEL again will terminate CHANNEL operation.

If the CHANNEL menu is not displayed, pushing CHANNEL will call it up and second pushing will terminate CHANNEL operation:

- CHANNEL
- The last used VFO frequency will be activated.
- VFO menu will be called up.
- CHANNEL LED will turn off.



11.3.2 Storage of Frequencies MEM



Pushing <u>MEM</u> button located in the cluster MODE will store the frequency and additional VFO values of the *active* RX to one of the 297 memory channels organized in three banks with 99 memory channels each bank.

Other than CHANNEL operation (see Page 34) the RX will stay on its current VFO adjustments while MEM functions are executed.

When pushing MEM:

- MEM LED will be on.
- MEM menu will be called up (see below).
- The frequency display of the *standby* VFO will be substituted by information about the selected memory channel (see Page 37 Figure 45).



MEM

0

When MEM function is activated toggling between MAIN- and SUB-RX is inhibited; same with toggling VFO-A and B.

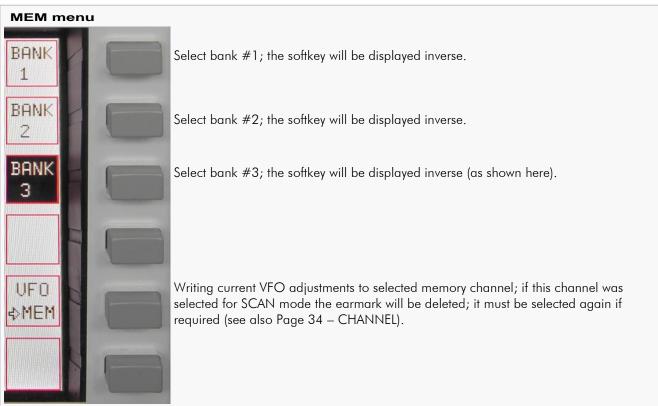


Fig. 44





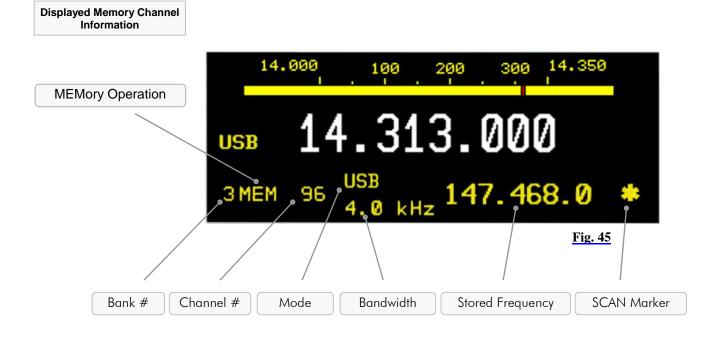
Mode and filter bandwidth are stored as well.

When MEM function will be activated at first always the last used bank # is selected and displayed with its first (lowest number) empty memory.



In case all memory channels are written the last used memory channel will be displayed and when pushing VFO⇒MEM overwritten.

When overwriting a memory channel there is no warning.





Memory channels are accessible from both MAIN- and SUB-RX.



If the MEM menu is displayed pushing <u>MEM</u> will terminate this mode and the VFO menu will be displayed.

If the MEM menu is not displayed pushing <u>MEM</u> will call it up and a second push will terminate MEM operation:



- VFO menu will be called up.
- MEM LED will turn off.

11.4 VFO Main Tuning Knob (active RX) and SUB VFO Tuning Knob (RX in the Background)

Primary means of tuning the active RX (MAIN- or SUB-RX) is the **VFO Main Tuning Knob**. With a full rotation it generates 512 steps, so that depending on the chosen tuning increments 512 Hz, 5.12 kHz, 51.2 kHz or 512 kHz can be run through.

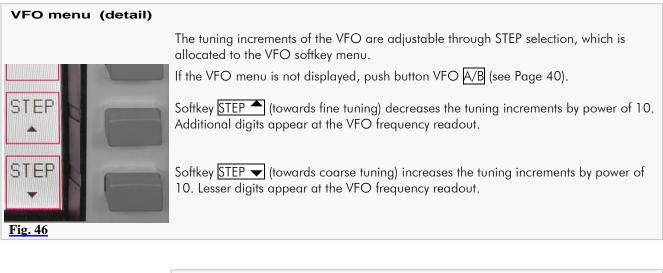
The **SUB VFO Tuning Knob** generates 256 steps with a full rotation, so that depending on the chosen tuning increments 256 Hz, 2.56 kHz, 25.6 kHz or 256 kHz can be run through.



General frequency coverage of both RX is 9 kHz to 30 MHz, 50 to 54 MHz, 69.9 MHz to 70.7 MHz and 110 MHz to 148 MHz. Due to the frequency scheme of the PT-8000A the ranges between them are blanked out.

Transmit operation is only possible on the allocated amateur radio bands of that IARU region in which one the TRX will operate after delivery (see Page 28 / Table 13 and 14).

In case the transmit boundaries are to be modified (commercial application; signal generator operation; new amateur radio frequencies) please contact Hilberling GmbH for further information about a software update.



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Selectable increments are 1 Hz / 10 Hz / 100 Hz / 1 kHz.

Digits below the selected tuning width are set to 0 and will be displayed in dark grey.

Example

Displayed VFO Frequency		Transceiver Frequency	Tuning Increments	
	1.234.567	1,234.567 kHz	1 Hz	
1st pushing	STEP 🔫			
	1.234.560	1,234.560 kHz	10 Hz	
2nd pushing	STEP 🔫			
	1.234.500	1,234.500 kHz	100 Hz	
3rd pushing	STEP 🔫			
	1.234.000	1,234.000 kHz	1 kHz	



Each mode has been allocated a default tuning increment setting:

- FM: 100 Hz
- SSB / CW / AM: 10 Hz



Changing the operating mode will reset the current setting to default values.

11.5 STEP-VFO Control



Fig. 47

Operation with knob STEP-VFO allows VFO tuning with further increments.

The STEP-VFO Control is placed in the cluster MODE. The control enables tuning in 10 kHz, 100 kHz and 1 MHz increments.

Pushing the knob activates the STEP-VFO function:

A cursor appears at the 100 kHz digit of the frequency display:



• Turning the knob will now tune the VFO by 100 kHz steps.

Pushing the knob a second time will move the cursor to the 10 kHz digit. Turning the knob will result in tuning the VFO by 10 kHz steps. Pushing the knob a third time will move the cursor to the 1 MHz digit – hence tuning can now be established by 1 MHz steps.

Pushing the knob again will result in a movement of the cursor again to the 100 kHz digit, then 1 kHz, 1 MHz, and so on.



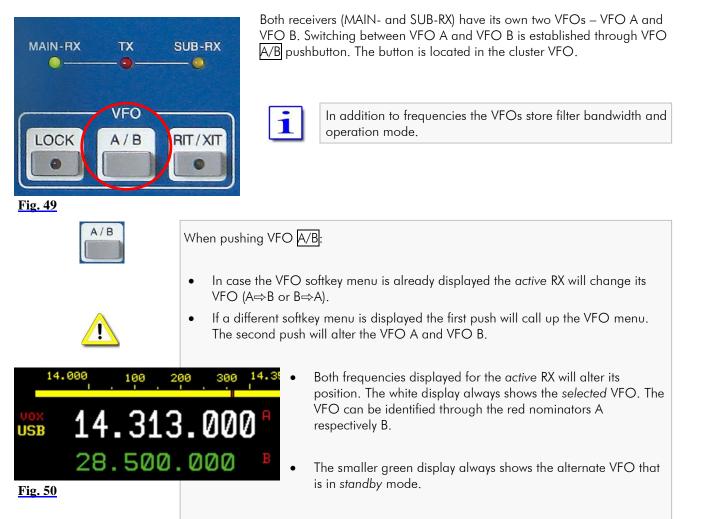
Neither pushing the knob nor turning the control for more than 3 seconds will terminate the STEP-VFO function. If re-activated by pushing the knob the cursor will appear at the last used position.

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When power up the PT-8000A and STEP-VFO will be activated the cursor will initially occur at the 100 kHz position.

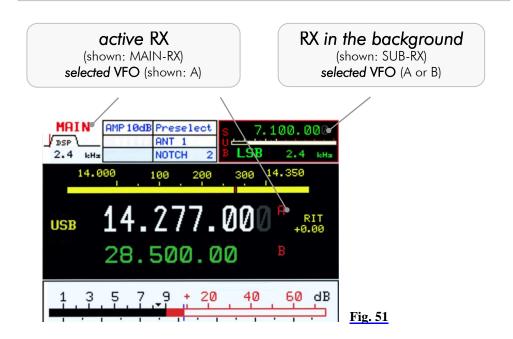


11.6 VFO Management



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Only the SUB-RXs selected VFO frequency is displayed without its identifier A or B.



40

Example	In case the MAIN-RX is the active RX and its VFO A is the selected VFO, the VFO menu is displayed as follows:	
VFO menu	active RX: MAIN-RX with selected VFO A	
A 💠 SUB	The frequency of the selected VFO (shown: A) from the active RX (shown: MAIN-RX) will be copied to the selected VFO (without identifier) from the RX in the background (shown: SUB-RX).	
SUB \$ A	The frequency of the selected VFO (without identifier) from the RX in the background (shown: SUB-RX) will be copied to the selected VFO (shown: A) from the active RX (shown: MAIN-RX).	
A 4 F	The frequency of the selected VFO (shown: A) from the active RX (shown: MAIN-RX) will be copied to the VFO <i>in standby</i> (shown: B) from the active RX (shown: MAIN-RX).	
SPLIT	VFO SPLIT: The Frequency of the selected VFO (shown VFO A) from the active MAIN- RX will be used for <u>RX</u> ; the selected VFO (without identifier) from the SUB-RX <i>in the</i> background will determine the <u>TX frequency</u> (see also P. 42); to the left of the Display SPLIT will be displayed; the softkey will be displayed inverse.	
STEP	Softkey STEP (towards fine tuning) decreases the tuning increments by power of 10. One more digit will appear at the VFO frequency readout each pushing.	
STEP	Softkey STEP 🗲 (towards coarse tuning) increases the tuning increments by power of 10. One digit less will be shown at the VFO frequency readout each pushing.	
<u>Fig. 52</u>		
	SPLIT operation using VFO A and VFO B (= VFO SPLIT) is only possible with the MAIN-RX (the active RX. SUB-RX is in the background).	
Example	In case the SUB-RX is the active RX and its VFO B is the selected VFO, the VFO menu is displayed as follows:	
VFO menu	active RX: SUB-RX with selected VFO B	
B ¢ MAIN	The frequency of the selected VFO (shown: B) from the active RX (shown: SUB-RX) will be copied to the selected VFO (without identifier) from the RX in the background (shown: MAIN-RX).	
MAIN ♦ B	The frequency of the selected VFO (without identifier) from the RX in the background (shown: MAIN-RX) will be copied to the selected VFO (shown: B) from the active RX (shown: SUB-RX).	
B 💠 F	The frequency of the selected VFO (shown: B) from the active RX (shown: SUB-RX) will be copied to the VFO <i>in standby</i> (shown: A) from the active RX (shown: SUB-RX).	
SPLIT n/a	VFO SPLIT is not applicable if SUB-RX is the active one; for SPLIT operation the MAIN-RX must be active, see above.	
STEP	Softkey STEP (towards fine tuning) decreases the tuning increments by power of 10. Additional digits appear at the VFO frequency readout.	
STEP	Softkey STEP (towards coarse tuning) increases the tuning increments by power of 10. Lesser digits appear at the VFO frequency readout.	
<u>Fig. 53</u>		



11.7 SPLIT Operation

VFO SPLIT operation in the PT-8000A is realized by using the MAIN and the SUB-RX. The selected VFO from MAIN-RX determines the RX frequency; the selected VFO from SUB-RX determines the TX frequency.



To enable VFO SPLIT operation, MAIN-RX must be the active RX and SUB-RX operates in the background.

The PT-8000A stays in the current operation mode of MAIN-RX when transmitting, even though there is selected a different mode in SUB-RX. Only the frequency of SUB-RX will be used.

Procedure:

- Tune with the active VFO from MAIN-RX to the desired receive frequency.
- Tune with the active VFO from SUB-RX to the desired transmit frequency.



USB SPLIT When pushing SPLIT softkey (VFO menu):

- When pushing PTT, the desired frequency from SUB-RX will be used for transmit instead of the receive frequency of MAIN-RX.
- To the left of the Display, below operation mode indicator, **SPLIT** will be displayed
- The softkey will be displayed inverse

Pushing SPLIT again will terminate VFO SPLIT operation.

11.8 RIT / XIT Operation



RIT (Receiver Incremental Tuning) allows to shift/adjust the receiving frequency plus/minus 9.999 kHz against the transmit frequency. The MAIN-RX and the transmitter are no longer "transceive". RIT is only possible with the MAIN-RX.

<u>Fig. 54</u>

XIT (Transmitter Incremental Tuning) allows to shift/adjust the transmitting frequency plus/minus 9.999 kHz against the receiving frequency. The MAIN-RX and the transmitter are no longer "transceive". RIT is only possible with the MAIN-RX.

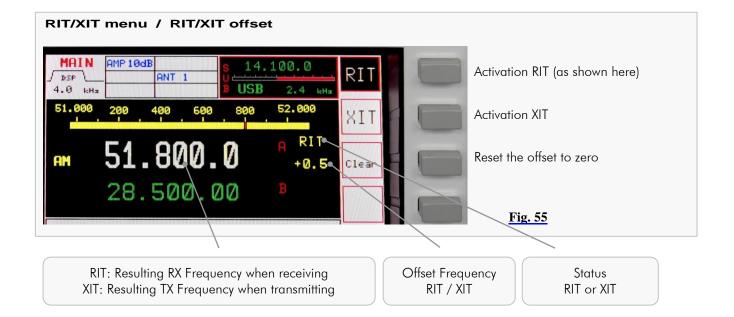


When pushing RIT/XIT button located in the cluster VFO:

- RIT/XIT LED will be on.
- RIT/XIT menu will be called up. RIT or XIT will be displayed inverse (after power-on RIT will be activated = power-on default).
- CLAR knob will be activated (functions see below, Fig. 56).
- RIT or XIT and the offset frequency will be displayed right next to the frequency (after power-on RIT will be activated; the offset frequency will be set to 0.000 kHz = power-on default).

i

In case of RIT is activated, the display will show the RX frequency affected by offset frequency (= resulting RX frequency). When TX operation during XIT activation, the display will show the TX frequency affected by offset frequency (= resulting TX frequency).

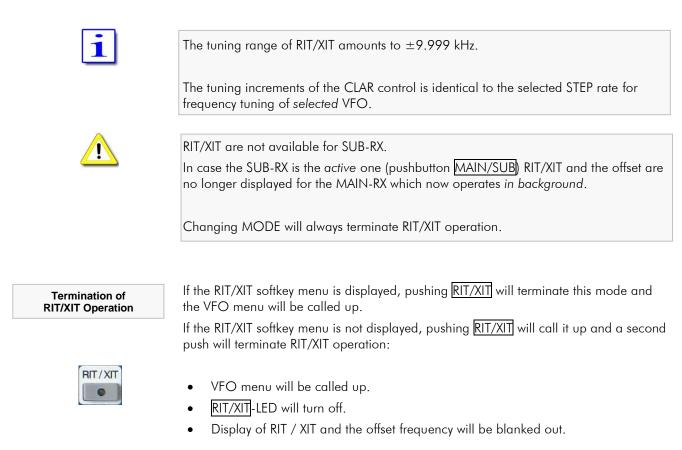




- U Turning the knob CLAR (clarifier) located right next to the cluster VFO will adjust the offset frequency.
- → Pushing the knob CLAR will toggle the offset frequency between selected value and 0.000 kHz.

<u>Fig. 56</u>





11.9 Locking VFO Settings LOCK



All controls that will have an effect on the frequency selected can be locked through pushing LOCK button which is located in the cluster VFO.

When pushing LOCK:



- LOCK LED will be on.
- The following controls (knobs, buttons) are locked:
 - MAIN-RX VFO
 - SUB-RX VFO
 - STEP-VFO
 - BAND
 - CHANNEL / MEM
 - RIT / XIT
 - MAIN / SUB
 - VFO A / B



Pushing LOCK again will terminate locking of controls; LED will turn off.

12 FILTER BANDWIDTH AND SHIFT FUNCTION FILTER WIDTH / SHIFT

Filtering in the PT-8000A is obtained in the 1st IF @ 40.7 MHz with a 6-pol. Filter and in the 2nd IF (IF-2) @ 10.7 MHz with an "IM₃ Protector" said prefilter with bandwidth 0.5 kHz, 3 kHz and 15 kHz.



DSP

NOTCH

MAIN

2.4 kHa

ILTER

Fig. 58

NR

Prefilters are selected automatically depending on operation mode (default filter; manual filter selection see Pages 59 and 61)

After passing through the 16-pol. quartz filter ladder the channel selection can be further enhanced by Digital Signal Processing (DSP) working in the audio range.

The DSP performs the following tasks:

- Interpolation between analogue filter bandwidths @ 10.7 MHz.
- Slope increase of the filter flanks @ 10.7 MHz and elimination of effects of group delays by the filters.
- Shift the placement of the filters (SHIFT function respective band-pass tuning).

Activating DSP filtering is accomplished by the pushbutton FILTER located in the cluster DSP (Bandwidth and Shift/Pitch see Page 46 – 12.2).

In case the FILTER LED is <u>off</u> (shown in pic 58) only the analogue (Xtal-) filters are active. The selected bandwidth is displayed and graphically expressed (see Page 46 / 12.1).

When pushing FILTER:

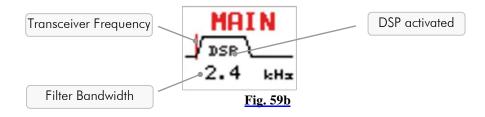
- The DSP will be activated.
- FILTER-LED will be on.
- The display will indicate "DSP" operation.



<u>Fig. 59a</u>

WIDTH and SHIFT control located in the cluster MODE is used to adjust the filter bandwidth and to shift the passband across the spectrum.

Pushing the knob will toggle between WIDTH and SHIFT function, turning will select the current value.



For specific feature in CW mode see Page 23.



Depending on operation MODE there are analogue filters available which are interpolated in bandwidth by the DSP (see Page 46).





12.1 Filter Bandwidth DSP Off

Depending on MODE the following Xtal-filters (analogue filters) and passband shifts are available (using WIDTH and SHIFT control) when DSP is not activated:

LSB/USB	Width	1.8 / 2.0 / 2.4 / 2.7 / 3.1 / 6.0 kHz
	Shift	-200 Hz 600 Hz in 100 Hz steps
	The 3.0	and 15.0 kHz filter are the allocated IF-2 filter for SSB mode.
cw	Width	0.5 kHz (/ 0.25 kHz with optional hardware extension *)
	Shift/Pitch	400 Hz 1,000 Hz in 100 Hz steps
	The 0,5	kHz filter is the allocated IF-2 filter for CW mode.
АМ	Width	15.0 kHz
	Shift	n/a
	The 15.	0 kHz filter is the allocated IF-2 filter for AM mode.
FM	Width	15.0 kHz
	Shift	n/a
	The 15.	0 kHz filter is the allocated IF-2 filter for FM mode.
	When Nois	e Blanker is active, always the 15.0 kHz filter operates.

12.2 Filter Bandwidth DSP On

Depending on MODE the following bandwidths (Xtal-filters and analogue filters) and passband shifts are available (using WIDTH and SHIFT control) when DSP is activated:

LSB/USB	Width 1.0 / 1.2 / 1.4 / 1.6 / 1.8 / 1.9 / 2.0 / 2.1 / 2.2 / 2.3 / 2.4 / 2.5 2.6 / 2.7 / 2.8 / 2.9 / 3.0 / 3.1 / 3.2 / 3.3 / 3.4 / 3.5 / 4.6 / 6.0 kHz Shift 0 Hz 600 Hz in 50 Hz steps The 3.0 and 15.0 kHz filter are the allocated IF-2 filter for SSB mode.
cw	Width50 / 100 / 200 / 400 / 500 HzShift/Pitch400 1,000 Hz in 50 Hz stepsThe 0.5 kHz filter is the allocated IF-2 filter for CW mode.
АМ	 Width 2.4 / 2.5 / 2.6 / 2.7 / 2.8 / 2.9 / 3.0 / 3.1 / 3.2 / 3.3 / 3.4 / 3.5 4.6 / 6.0 kHz Shift n/a The 15.0 kHz filter is the allocated IF-2 filter for AM mode.
FM	 Width 2.4 / 2.5 / 2.6 / 2.7 / 2.8 / 2.9 / 3.0 / 3.1 / 3.2 / 3.3 / 3.4 / 3.5 4.6 / 6.0 kHz Shift n/a The 15.0 kHz filter is the allocated IF-2 filter for FM mode.
i	For FM the "bandwidth" is related to the audio response only; RF-bandwidth remains always 15.0 kHz. When Noise Blanker is active, always the 15.0 kHz filter operates.

13 NOTCH FUNCTIONS / NOISE REDUCTION / NOISE BLANKER

13.1 Notch Filter: IF-Notch and DSP Multi Notch

Two notch filters of different type are available in the PT-8000A.

One is working at 2^{nd} IF @ 10.7 MHz – it's the classical type of manual notch filtering using a Xtal bridge – the IF-NOTCH.

The other one is part of the DSP - it's an Automatic Multi-Notch Filter (ANF/MNF) - here called the DSP NOTCH.

Notch filtering is not available in AM and FM. In case NOTCH filtering is active and operation mode is changed to AM/FM, both NOTCH filters will cease operation.

IF-NOTCH and DSP-NOTCH may be engaged simultaneously.

♪ i

After power on both NOTCH filters are off.

13.1.1 IF-NOTCH Filter



The IF-NOTCH will be activated by pushing the control IF-NOTCH which is located as depicted:

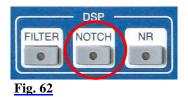
AMP 10dB	Preselect
ATT 10dB	ANT 1 RX
NR/NB	NOTCH 1 2
	Fig. 61

<u>Fig. 60</u>

• On display, IF NOTCH is outlined as NOTCH 2.

Turning IF-NOTCH will adjust the variable notch through the passband hence the interference will be almost nullified.

13.1.2 DSP Multi NOTCH Filter ("digital" MNF)



NOTCH

Pushing the NOTCH button located in the cluster DSP will activate the automatic multinotch filtering (ANF/MNF):

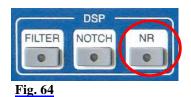
AMP 10dB	Preselect
ATT 10dB	ANT 1 RX
NR/NB	NOTCH 1 2
	Fig. 63

- On display, DSP NOTCH is outlined as NOTCH 1.
- DSP NOTCH-LED will be on.

The DSP will now detect even multiple interferences and will cancel them effectively.



DSP Noise Reduction NR 13.2





Pushing the NR button located in the cluster DSP will activate the Automatic Noise Reduction (ANR or NR):



AMP 10dB Preselect 10dB A) A NR/ NB NOTCH Fig. 65

- On display, DSP NR is outlined as NR.
- DSP NR-LED will be on.



13.3 Noise Blanker NB



The Noise Blanker will be activated by pushing the control RX-NB which is located as depicted:

AMP 10dB	Preselect
ATT 10dB	ANT 1 RX
NR/NB	NOTCH 1 2
	<u>Fig. 67</u>

<u>Fig. 66</u>

On display, RX-NB it is outlined as NB. •

Turning the RX-NB control will adjust the threshold of the noise blanker to the specific situation. Noise is dramatically reduced hence improving the readability of weak signals.



NB is off after power on.

14 SQUELCH SQL



Fig. 68

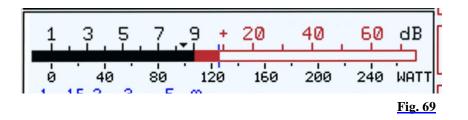
The SQUELCH (SQ) is activated by default and will be affected by the control SQL which is located as depicted.

The threshold for squelch operation is adjusted by turning the knob.

Once the SQL is activated and the threshold has engaged i.e. the RX is silent, push and hold the SQL to override the threshold momentarily.

To deactivate squelch function permanently turn knob SQL fully counter-clockwise.

A triangle (" \checkmark ") is moving in the S-meter (active RX only) according to the threshold setting of the SQL control.

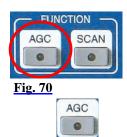




Squelch function is not possible in any operation mode if AGC is deselected and manual gain control is engaged (see Page 51).

15 RX GAIN CONTROL AGC / RF-GAIN

15.1 Automatic Gain Control AGC



The AGC (Automatic Gain Control) is active after power on. Its fall time of control voltage (hang time) is set to 1 second by factory default and can be modified using the AGC menu. When PT-8000A is powered off the modified hang time is stored. Deselect AGC by pushing knob RF (see bottom and Page 51)

Pushing AGC located in the cluster FUNCTION will call up the AGC menu:

AGC menu	
35	Select AGC hang time 3 s; the softkey will be displayed inverse.
2s 🗧 🧮	Select AGC hang time 2 s; the softkey will be displayed inverse.
1s	Select AGC hang time 1 s (default value); the softkey will be displayed inverse (as shown here).
500 ms	Select AGC hang time 500 ms; the softkey will be displayed inverse.
100 ms	Select AGC hang time 100 ms; the softkey will be displayed inverse.
Fig. 71	



When pushing <u>AGC</u> the LED will <u>not</u> turn on! It is only switched on when AGC is deselected by pushing knob RF (see next Page).

To prevent missing of weak signals during tuning the MAIN- or SUB-RX the AGC hang time will be set to 100 ms automatically.



Turn RF GAIN knob to define the threshold of AGC control voltage. Pushing the knob will switch off AGC (see Manual Gain Control, next page).

Fig. 72a

The adjusted threshold will be depicted by the RF GAIN Marker on S-Meter.

15.2 Manual Gain Control RF-GAIN



Fig. 72b

The RF GAIN Marker on S-Meter will depict the adjusted threshold.

Pushing RF knob:

• Automatic Gain Control will be terminated.

dB.

- AGC-LED located in the cluster FUNCTION will be on.
- S-Meter will fall back to adjusted receiver control voltage.



AGC

Caution: In case a signal is present, the audio volume may exceed the comfort level.

Pushing the control knob RF (RF-GAIN) allows switching from AGC operation to manual gain control. Turning the knob will

Full control range of the receiver is adjustable from 0 to 128

set receiver control voltage to a constant value.

Receiver Control Voltage AGC OFF

Turning the knob RF will adjust the receiver control voltage to a constant value, which can be monitored by observing the S-Meter (active RX). This threshold voltage can be raised to a certain level where a signal below is significantly less audible than a signal above, which will not be levelled out.

The manual RF gain control allows adjusting the receiver control voltage according to the needs in special receiving situations.



Pushing RF knob again will reactivate AGC.



Pushing AGC button alternatively will reactivate AGC as well.

AGC LED will turn off

Receiver Control Voltage AGC ON Turning the knob RF will shift the receiver control voltage by a fixed value, which can be monitored by observing the S-Meter (active RX). This AGC threshold can be raised to a certain level where a signal below is significantly less audible than a signal above, where AGC action will level out the signal.

16 STORAGE FREQUENCY SCANNING SCAN FUNCTION TEMPORARILY DISABLED

– FUN	СТ	ION -
AGC	1	SCAN
0		•

Pushing the <u>SCAN</u> button located in cluster FUNCTION will activate scanning of channels which are earmarked for scanning (CHANNEL - see Page 34). These frequencies will be checked for a signal.

The RX will scan the channels from lower to higher frequencies.

- If the squelch is engaged scanning will stop when a signal on a scanned channel opens the squelch
- If the squelch is open, the RX will pause on the scanned frequency for a time defined. After this time has elapsed the scanning will continue.
- If the squelch engages during the pause scanning will continue immediately.

When pushing SCAN



- SCAN-LED will be on
- the frequency of the standby VFO will disappear. Instead information about the scanned channel is displayed as in channel mode (see Page 34)
- SCAN softkey menu will be called up:

SCAN m	enu
5 s	Delay time is 5 seconds
10 s	Delay time is 10 seconds
15 s	Delay time is 15 seconds
20 s	Delay time is 20 seconds
25 s	Delay time is 25 seconds
œ	Delay time is infinite
<u>Fig. 74</u>	



Scanning will be terminated upon activating PTT, VFO tuning, STEP-VFO or pushing SCAN. The frequency of the standby VFO will reappear, SCAN-LED will be off.

17 SPEAKER / CALIBRATION / DISPLAY / VOICE RECORDER MENU



The <u>MENU</u> button located in the cluster DISPLAY provides access to various settings and calibration routines of the PT-8000A, to the display brightness, audio routing and the voice recorder.

When pushing MENU:



- MENU-LED will be on. *
 - MENU menu will be called up.

MENU menu	
Soft	Display software version MAIN-, RX-, ANT-Tuner- and Display-CPU and access to update PT-8000A firmware (SOFTWARE menu; see Appendix A2).
CAL	Access to Calibration options; e.g. internal reference (CAL menu; see next Page).
	Access to Setting brightness of display (DIM menu; see Page 55).
VOICE REC	Access to recording functions (VOICE REC menu; see Page 56).
Audio Norm	RX speaker allocation; the key toggles between Audio Norm / Split (see below).
<u>Fig. 76</u>	

17.1 RX-Speaker Allocation Audio NORM / SPLIT

→I



- Audio Norm will feed audio from MAIN-RX and SUB-RX to both speakers (PT-8000A and HN-8000).
 Audio Split will separate audio from MAIN-RX and SUB-RX hence the MAINRX signal will be fed to PT-8000A speaker and the SUB-RX signal to HN-8000 speaker.
 True for both settings of speaker allocation:

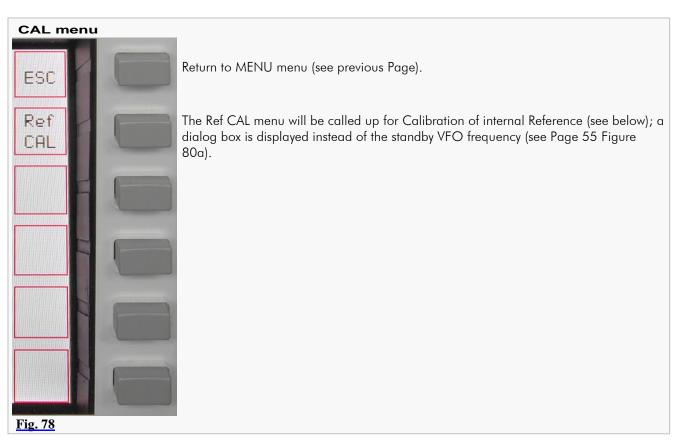
 ▶MAIN will adjust the volume of the MAIN-RX signal.
 ▶SUB will adjust the volume of the SUB-RX signal.
 - Pushing MAIN will turn on/off PT-8000A speaker.
 - SUB will turn on/off HN-8000 speaker.

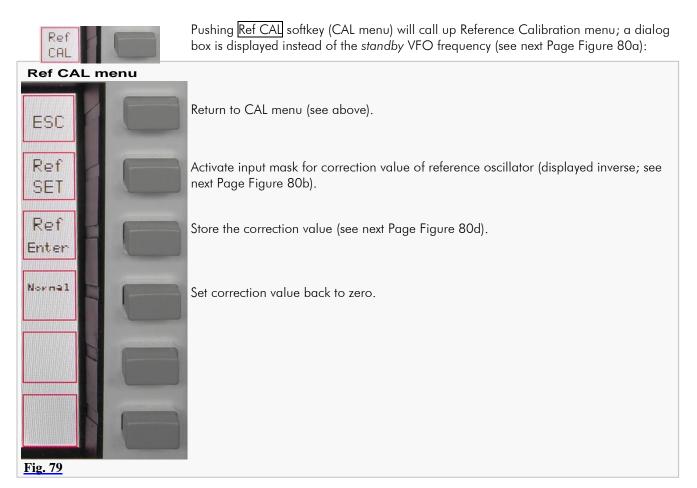


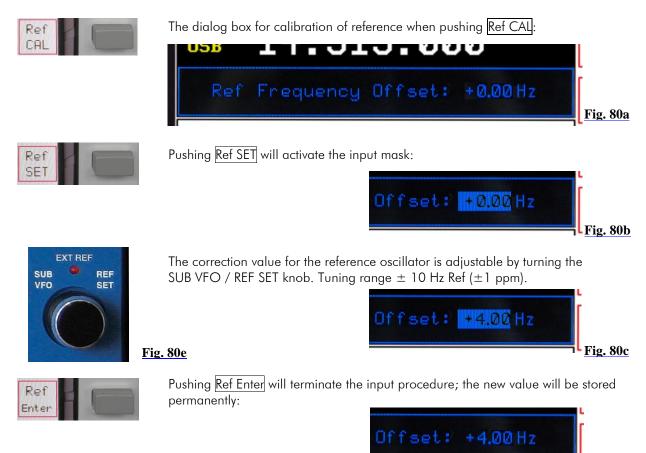
17.2 Calibration of Internal Reference



Pushing CAL softkey (MENU menu) will call up the Calibration menu:







17.3 Brightness of Display DIM



Pushing DIM softkey (MENU menu) will call up DIM softkey menu:

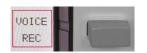


LFig. 80d

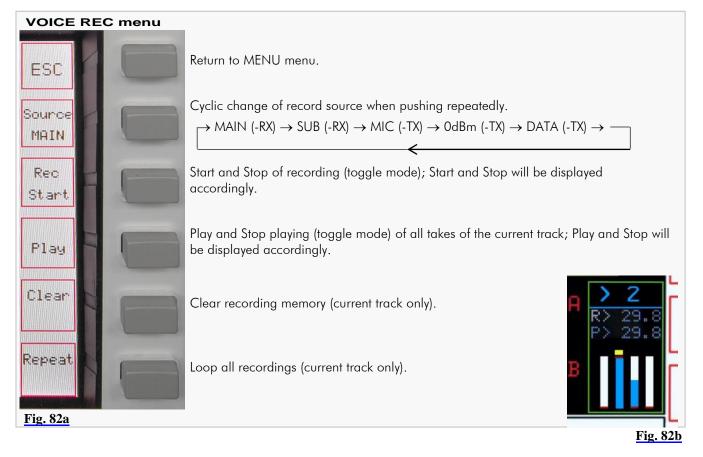


17.4 Audio Recording VOICE RECORDER

For audio signal recordings there are 4 recording tracks available with a capacity of 29.8 seconds each track.



Pushing VOICE REC softkey (MENU menu) will call up the VOICE REC menu; a graphic (Figure 82b) will be displayed right next to the frequency:





- The selected memory track is shown as a blue number and a yellow marker above the track graphic; select track by turning STEP-VFO knob.
- Recording position and status is shown as R> [seconds] and a blue bar in the graphic.
- Play position is shown as P> [seconds] and a red marker line in the graphic.
- If one track is only partially written one or more recordings can be added.
- In case the memory track has reached its capacity the recording will be ceased. Rec Start will be displayed. However, a new record is not possible until the memory has been cleared.

Playback

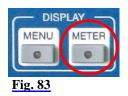
- Playback will always start at the very beginning of the track.
- When playback is finished (end of record or Stop) Play softkey is displayed.
- The loop function may be activated during playback; the record will be repeated endless until Stop is activated.



All Audio Signals (CW, SSTV etc.) can be recorded.

If the records are to be transmitted simply key the TX (transmit key T9; $\overline{TX/ON}$ key) when playback is running.

18 SCALE SELECT METER

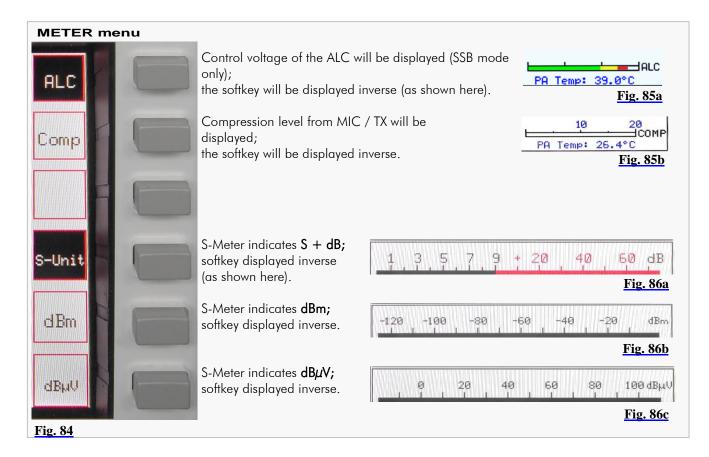


The METER button located in the cluster DISPLAY will call up the METER menu with following options:

- 1. Selection of meter display right below the S-Meter (Figure 85a/b):
 - Control voltage of the Automatic Level Control (ALC)
 - MIC compression level (COMP)
- 2. Selection of scale units for input signal strength (Figure 86a/b/c):
 - •Hams radio units (S + dB)
 - •Input power @ 50 Ohm (dBm)
 - •Input voltage @ 50 Ohm (dBµV).



- When pushing METER:
- METER-LED will be on *
- METER menu will be called up:



19 BASIC SETTINGS RX/TX



Pushing the button $\overline{RX/TX}$ located in the cluster MODE will call up two types of menus which gives access to various basic settings for RX and TX.

The last used menu (TX or RX) will be called up.



Depending on whether HF or VHF is selected the menus and display described below may vary.

<u>Fig. 87</u>

19.1 RX Settings

19.1.1 HF: Antenna Select / Preamplifier / Preselector / Attenuator / IF-2 Filters



Pushing \mathbb{RX}/TX button or \mathbb{RX} softkey (TX menu) will call up the RX menu **HF** with following options:

RX menu HF	
ANT ANT 1 1 RX	Select antenna #1 or – second press – antenna #1 for TX and an additional RX antenna; the display will show ANT 1 or ANT 1 RX if appropriate. (see Page 14, Table 10, No. 4), the softkey will display as well (inverse as shown). See note below .
ANT 2 F	Select antenna #2 – the display will show ANT 2 if appropriate (see Page 14, Table 10, No. 4), the softkey will be displayed inverse.
AMP	Activate Preamplifier (on / off); the display will show AMP 10dB (see Page 14, Table 10, No. 1); the softkey will be displayed inverse. *** only available 1.8 to 30 MHz ***
PrSel	Activate Preselector (on / off); the display will show Preselect (see Page 14, Table 10, No. 2); the softkey will be displayed inverse. *** only available 1.8 to 30 MHz ***
ATT IF-2	Access to ATT/IF-2-Filter menu HF to activate the attenuator and to select a different IF-2 filter (see next Page).
TX	Access to TX menu (see Page 62).
Fig. 88	



Note

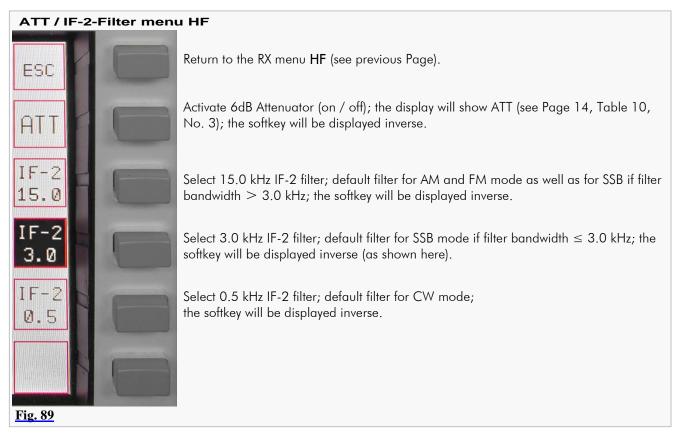
In case the antenna selection of MAIN- or SUB-RX will be changed from ANT 1 to ANT 1 RX (or vice versa), the other RX is also affected if it is not connected to ANT 2.

If one of both RX is connected to ANT 2, changing the antenna selection of the other RX from ANT 1 to ANT 1 RX (or vice versa) will take no effect.

19.1.2 HF: Attenuator / IF-2 Filter Select



Pushing ATT / IF-2 softkey (RX menu HF) will call up ATT / IF-2-Filter menu HF:





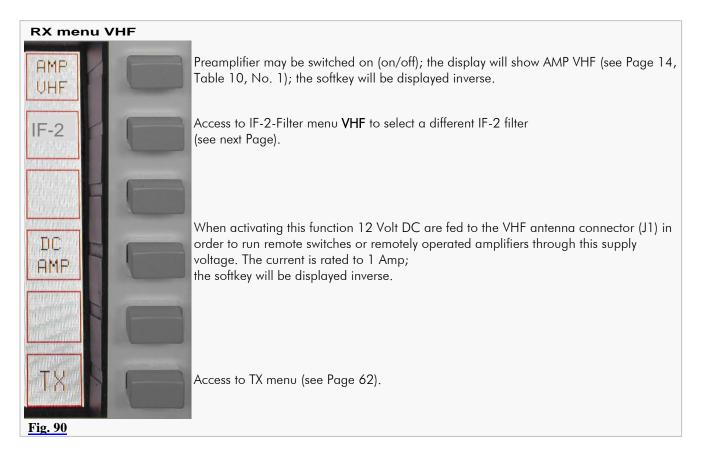
If the Noise Blanker (NB) is activated the 15 kHz IF-2 filter will always be selected. If MODE is changed the default filters will be activated immediately. Same is true for power ON condition.



19.1.3 VHF: Preamplifier PRE AMP / DC on Antenna OUT DC AMP



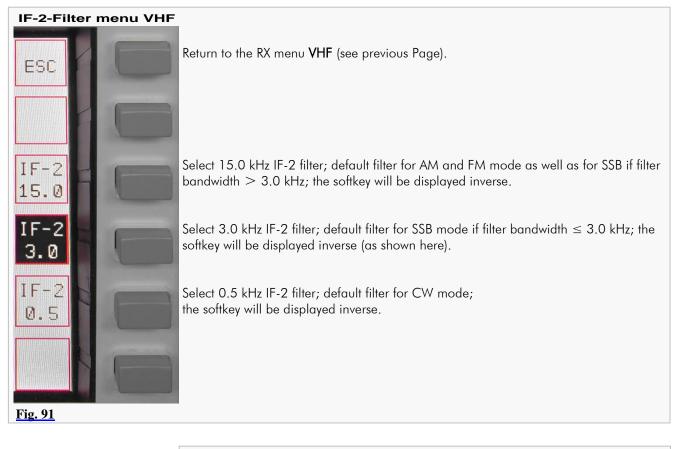
Pushing \mathbb{RX}/\mathbb{TX} button or \mathbb{RX} softkey (TX menu) will call up the RX menu **VHF** with following options:



19.1.4 VHF: IF-2 Filter Select



Pushing IF-2 softkey (RX menu VHF) will call up IF-2-Filter menu VHF:





If the Noise Blanker (NB) is activated, the 15 kHz IF-2 filter will always be selected. If MODE is changed the default filters will be activated immediately. Same is true for power-on condition.

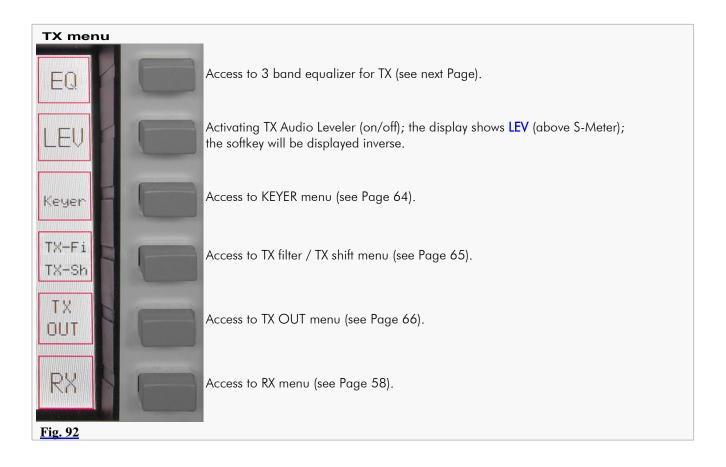


19.2 TX Settings

19.2.1 Leveler TX-Audio LEV



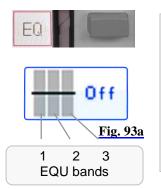
Pushing RX/TX button or TX softkey (RX menu **HF** or **VHF**) provides access to the TX menu which offers following functions:



19.2.2 Equalizer Operation TX-Audio EQ

For adjusting the sound of TX audio signals the PT-8000A provides a 3 band equalizer featuring the following frequency bands:

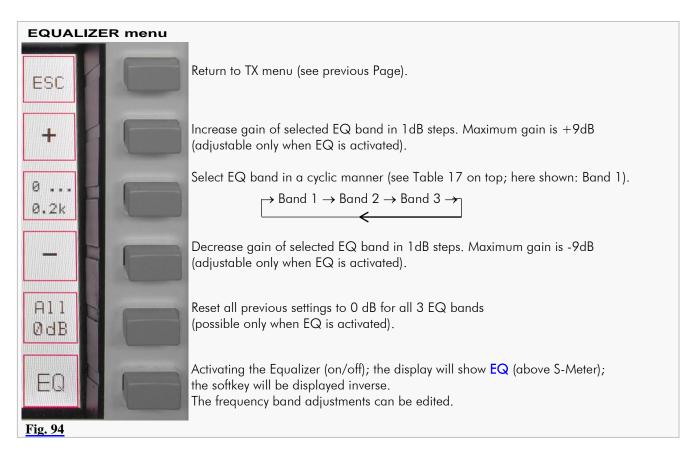
EQ Band 1	EQ Band 2	EQ Band 3
0 200 Hz	200 1500 Hz	1500 3000 Hz
		Tab. 17

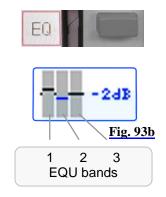


When pushing EQ softkey (<u>on TX menu</u>, see previous page):

• The display will show the EQ graphics in status "Off" in the upper left corner instead of filter adjustments. Cursors representing the values of the three bands are set to "0"; the equalizer is inactive (yet).

• EQUALIZER menu will be called up:

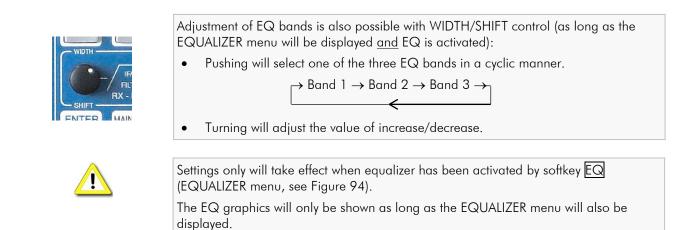




When pushing EQ softkey (on this EQUALIZER menu):

- The equalizer will be activated; the softkey will be displayed inverse; the frequency band adjustments will take effect and can be edited
- The display will show the current EQ settings in the upper left corner. The selected band cursor is blue colored; its value in dB for increase/decrease will be displayed next to it.
- The display will show **EQ** (above S-Meter)





19.2.3 Keyer Select



Pushing Keyer softkey (TX menu) will call up the KEYER menu:

KEYER menu	
ESC	Return to TX menu (see Page 62).
	Select one of the following modes of the internal keyer in a cyclic manner:
Iambic Iambic Ulti	\rightarrow lambic Mode A \rightarrow lambic Mode B \rightarrow Ultimatic \rightarrow
Mode A Mode B natic	The respective softkey will be displayed inverse (as shown here).
	Select Normal mode of internal keyer;
Norm.	the softkey will be displayed inverse.
Pad.	Reverses paddle function to accommodate left-/right hand operation (on/off);
rev.	the softkey will be displayed inverse.
	Shuts off internal keyer to allow use of external keying device;
Ext.	the softkey will be displayed inverse.
Keyer	
and the second second	
<u>Fig. 95</u>	

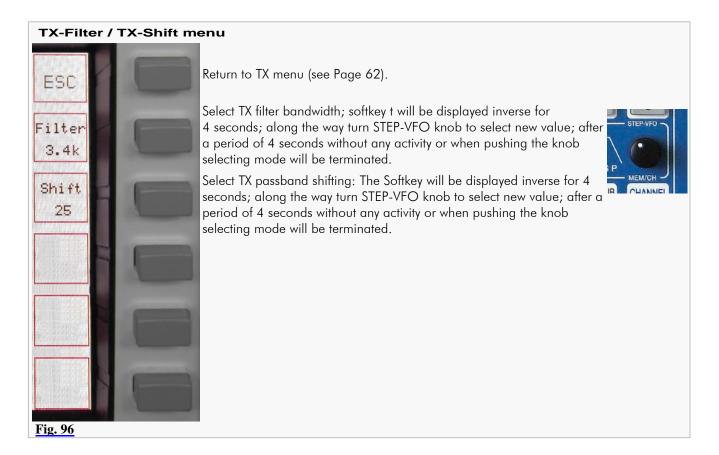
See also:

TX-DELAY – Adjust the time for transmit⇒receive switching for CW mode: Page 70 KEY SPEED – Adjust CW keying speed of the internal keyer: Page 70.

19.2.4 TX Filter Select / TX Shift Select



Pushing TX-Fi / TX-Sh softkey (TX menu) will call up the TX-Filter TX-Shift menu:



Turning STEP-VFO/MEM/CH knob will allow the following:

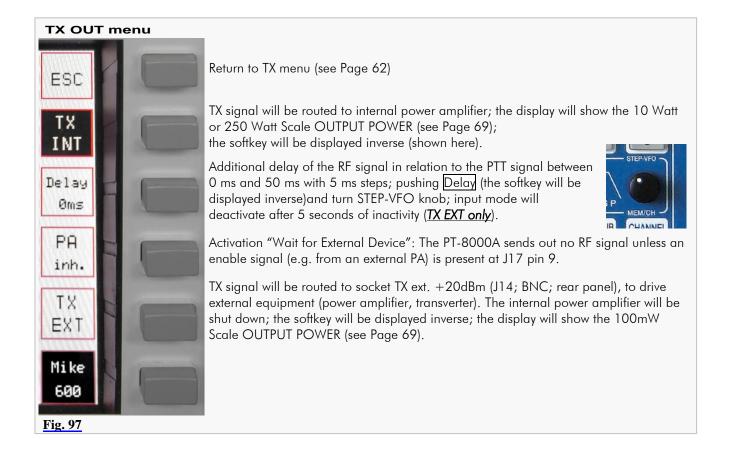
Filter –	Select TX filter bandwidth.				
	Tuning range:	2.2 3.4 kHz			
	Increments:	0.1 kHz			
Shift –	Select TX passband	shifting.			
	Tuning range:	0 300 Hz			
	Increments: 25 Hz				

Pushing STEP-VFO/MEM/CH knob or a period of 4 seconds without any activity will terminate selecting mode.

19.2.5 TX Signal Settings



Pushing TX-OUT softkey (TX menu) will call up TX OUT menu:



20 TRANSMITTER CONTROLS



Various controls for transmitter settings are located on the front panel as depicted.

Transmitting (TX) is only possible when MAIN-RX is the *active* one and SUB-RX is working *in the background*.

20.1 Antenna Tuner ANT-TUNER

20.1.1 Activate TUNER



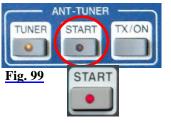
For protecting the power amplifier the output power will be reduced if SWR is greater than 1.5. Up to SWR close to 2.0 the internal antenna tuner enables to increase the antenna adjustment (see also Page 3)



Pushing TUNER button will activate the antenna tuner.

• TUNER-LED will be on.

20.1.2 Start Re-Tuning Cycle START



Pushing <u>START</u> button will start the detection and storage for optimal adjustment of the antenna tuner at the current frequency. The output power is reduced to driver power.

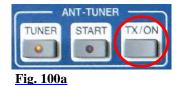
• START-LED will be on.

The antenna tuner starts its automatic alignment and will terminate automatically.



START-LED will be off.

20.1.3 Permanent Transmit Operation TX / ON



Pushing TX/ON button will switch PTT permanently.

E.g. when antenna tuner has been adjusted (20.1.1 and 20.1.2) the output power can be checked.



0

- Pushing TX/ON will activate TX operation.
- TX-LED will be on.
- Pushing TX/ON again will terminate TX operation.
- MAIN-RX LED will be on.

Fig. 100c

20.2 ZERO-BEAT



Press and hold knob ZERO-BEAT will activate a 440 Hz sinus tone in RX and TX mode, in FM mode there is a 1750 Hz sinus tone.

In RX mode the tone will be heard in both RX. The volume might be adjusted by turning the knob.

In TX mode the tone will be transmitted with microphone signal.

Given both transmitting and receiving stations can activate a 440 Hz tone, an interference might be heard in case both station vary in RX and/or TX frequencies.

20.3 Microphone Sensitivity MIC (Gain)



Fig. 102

Turning knob MIC (Gain) will adjust microphone sensitivity. When operating by microphone Hilberling T9 and in normal mode of speaking the knob should be adjusted between position clock 9 and clock 12.

The correct modulation can be monitored on the ALC display (see Page 57, SSB mode only). If the yellow or red range is shown, the microphone sensitivity should be reduced.



For preadjustment of microphone sensitivity see Page 17.

ALC display is only available in USB/LSB mode.

Pushing the knob will (de-)activate VOX functions (see next Page).

20.4 Compression TX Audio PROC



Pushing knob PROC will turn on and off microphone processor.

Turning the knob will increase the processor level (compression level).

Fig. 103

Adjust not to exceed COMP limits shown on the COMP-meter (s. P. 57).



If PROC is active **PROC** will be displayed (above S-Meter).

PROC is only available in USB/LSB mode.

Fig. 101

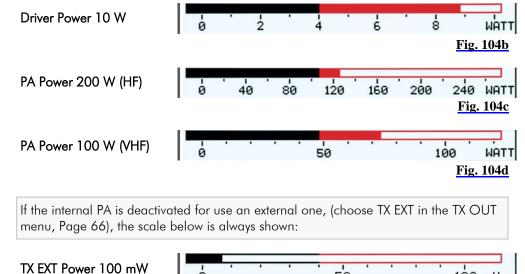
20.5 Transmit Power Control TX-PWR

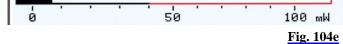


Pushing the TX-PWR control will toggle the transmitter between low- (driver power 10 Watt) and high power (PA 200 Watt HF / 100 Watt VHF).

Turning the knob allows to adjust the power continuously between 10 mW and 10 Watt respectively 1 Watt and 200/100 Watt (HF/VHF). Power is displayed in W_{PEP} .

The Power Meter is accordingly scaled:





20.6 VOX Operation



Pushing the knob MIC will activate VOX ("Voice Operated TX") operation.

Voice operated transmission enables switching PTT without pushing TX button on microphone T9 nor button TX/ON.

To the left of the display, above operation mode indicator, **VOX** will be displayed.

Turning the knob MIC will affect the microphone gain (MIC-Gain; see previous Page).

20.6.1 VOX Threshold

ISI



If VOX has been turned on this control adjusts the trigger level for VOX activation. Adjust sensitivity to your convenience and speech habits.

20.6.2 ANTI-TRIP VOX



Signals from the speaker(s) might trigger or trip the VOX unintentionally. VOX ANTI-TRIP will counteract this. Adjust to get both reliable action and anti-trip of VOX circuit.

20.6.3 Hold Time VOX DELAY



DELAY of VOX circuit allows adjusting the hold time of VOX activation hence to get smooth VOX operation and to counteract any VOX switching between fluently spoken voice.

20.7 Monitoring TX Signal MONITOR



Turning the MONITOR control will adjust the volume of the audio to monitor the transmission of PT-8000A (avoiding acoustic feedback). Setting control fully counter-clockwise for terminate MONITOR function.

Fall Time TX for CW TX-DELAY 20.8



Turning TX-DELAY will impact the time for transmit-receive switching (turn-around time) during CW mode. Setting TX-Delay fully counter-clockwise ensures the shortest T/R turn-around possible – called BK (break in).

Fig. 111

Turning TX-DELAY clockwise will increase the turn-around which allows alignment to individual CW habits.

TX⇔RX turn-around time: about 15 ms ... 2 s.

20.9 Keying Speed CW KEY SPEED



Turning KEY SPEED controls the speed of the internal keyer (Normal mode / lambic keyer mode A and B / Ultimatic mode; see Page 64).

The CW weight remains constant.

CW keying speed: 5 ... 60 WPM (words per minute).

Appendix

- A1 IF Monitor Software (Windows[®] Program)
- A2 Firmware Update and Update Software (Windows[®] Program)
- A3 Technical Documents
- A4 Customer Information
- A5 Lists



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A1 IF-MONITOR SOFTWARE

A1.1 Introduction

This appendix gives a description how to install and setup the Hilberling IF-Monitor software on your PC. Using this software you can monitor a frequency band with a maximum range of 50 kHz (max. 25 kHz both left and right to the PT-8000A center frequency).

Please note: Installation and use of the IF-Monitor software needs basic knowledge in handling a Windows® computer. If you are unsure to install and setup of new programs please look for help in your personal environment or get in touch directly to your dealer or Hilberling GmbH.

A1.2 Hardware Requirements

The IF-Monitor software will work only with a PC or laptop (the following only refers to PC) with Microsoft Windows[®] operating system. Processing audio data sent by PT-8000A to the PC requires an audio input (sound card) with a 192 kHz sample rate and 24 bit resolution.

All in all is required:

- 1. Windows computer featuring:
 - Windows XP/Vista/7[®] (administrator rights required!)
 - 3 MB free disk space memory
 - Audio input (internal or external sound card) with a 192 kHz sample rate / 24 bit resolution
- 2. IF-Monitor program (will be installed on PC)
- 3. Audio connection cable stereo 3.5 mm phone jack

A1.3 Setup Software

The setup software is delivered with the PT-8000A transceiver on CD-ROM. It will install the Hilberling IF-Monitor program on your PC.

Load the CD-ROM into the CD/DVD/BD drive.

Say on your PC this drive is allocated to the character D: the setup file can be found in the following directory:

D:\Software\

Alternatively, the setup file first can be copied to the Windows desktop or into any other directory on the PCs hard disk drive, e.g.:

C:\Downloads\

A1.4 Installation of the IF Monitor Program

To start the installation double-click the file setup PT8000 IFMonitor.exe.

On CD-ROM it can be found in the directory \Software\.

If the file was first copied to the Windows desktop or to another directory on the hard disk, e. g. to C:\Downloads\, double-click it there.



- The IF-Monitor program will be installed by default into the standard directory depending on current Windows version.
- A program linkage (PT8000_IF_Monitor) will be added by default to the Windows start menu folder Start → Programs → PT8000_IF_Monitor.
- Optional a program linkage can be created on the Windows desktop.

A1.5 Connect PT-8000A to PC by Audio Cable

For transmission of the audio data connect audio input of the PC (*Line IN*, 3.5 mm stereo phone jack) to the PT-8000A (socket J15 ext. SPKR **add.**, 3.5 mm stereo phone jack, see Operating Manual page 5).

A1.6 Start and set up the Program

The IF-Monitor program will be started from the Windows start menu: Start → Programs → PT8000_IF_Monitor → PT8000_IF_Monitor

The program window will be opened with a fixed size of 1280x1024 pixels.

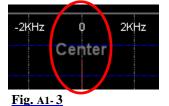
ITI PT-8000 IF-Monitor Hilberling GmbH	
Ele Tools Help Scale dB Peak hold 224rHz - 204rHz - 194rHz - 19	Ι
-90 dBm -90 dBm -90 dBm -90 dBm -00dBm -00dBm -00dBm -00dBm -100dBm -100dBm -100dBm -100dBm -100dBm -100dBm -100dBm -100dBm -100dBm -100dBm -100dBm	II
-120dBm -130dBm -140dBm -140dBm -22kHz -20kHz -18kHz -18kHz -18kHz -18kHz -10kHz -2kHz -2kHz 0 2kHz 8kHz 8kHz 8kHz 8kHz 10kHz 12kHz 18kHz 18kHz 20kHz 22kHz SUB-RX -91 dBm -40dBm Cf + 15516 Hz -sodBm	
	III

Fig. A1-2

A1.6.1 Program Window

The program window is structured in three areas.

In the upper area (I) options are accessible for Automarker, Marker and Peak Hold (see chapter A1.6.2 and A1.6.3), as well as for scaling of signal level and panorama width (see chapter A1.6.6); below, the areas are arranged for the panorama display of MAIN-RX/TX (II) and SUB-RX (III).



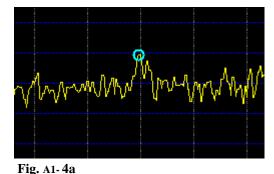
A vertical red line in the middle of both display areas depicts the center frequency of the panorama display and therefore it represents the current frequency of the PT-8000A. Right of center line is shown the frequency range above the PT-8000A frequency, left of it appropriate the frequency range below.

A1.6.2 Automarker and Marker



The Automarker (light blue circular ring) indicates the strongest signal within the current panorama width, for each MAIN- and SUB-RX.

The strength of this signal and the frequency shifting against center frequency are displayed in the **upper left corner** of the relative display area using a light blue font (Fig. A1- 4b).



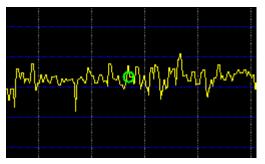


Automarker is activated each time the program was started and can be de-activated by clicking Automarker (Fig. A1- 4c).

Marker

The Marker (light green circular ring) can be used for indication of strength and frequency of any desired signal in the panorama.

The strength of this signal and the frequency shifting against center frequency are displayed in the **upper right corner** of the relative display area using a light green font (Fig. A1- 5b).







<u>Fig. A1- 5a</u>

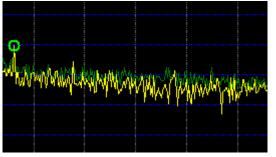


Marker is deactivated each time the program was started and can be activated by clicking \Box Marker (Fig. A1- 5c).

When *Marker* is activated click into the relative display area (MAIN- (II) or SUB-RX (III)) on a frequency shift (-line) of your choice.

A1.6.3 Peak Hold

The function *Peak Hold* stores the maximum value of each frequency in the panorama over a period of three seconds and displays them as a green curve. At the end of this period the curve will be deleted and the procedure starts from the beginning.



Peak curve (green)

Current curve (yellow)



<u>Fig. A1- 6a</u>

A1.6.4 Sample-Rate and Buffer Setup

When the program is new installed it is recommended to check the settings for sample rate and buffer.

Click in the menu Tools the entry Settings (Fig. A1-7).

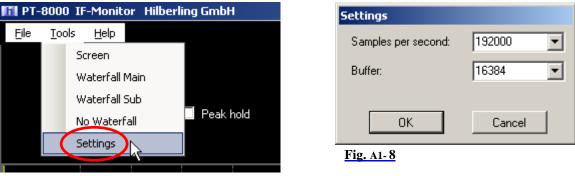


Fig. A1-7

The window Settings will be opened (Fig. A1-8).

Samples per second: This should be 192000 (required sample rate). If not, select this value from the drop down list.

Buffer: Interval width of frequency analysis. You may experiment with the given values of buffer size.

Optimal depiction of the panorama curves is the goal.

For every new value click OK and check the result.

Peak hold is deactivated each time the program was started and can be activated by clicking \Box Peak hold (Fig. A1- 6b).

PC Adjustment

A1.6.5 Signal Level Adjustment

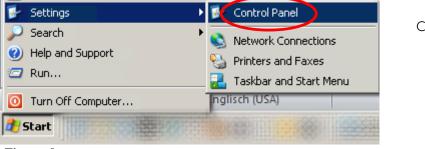
Because of variation in audio settings of each single computer system (PC) it is necessary to synchronize the signal level display of IF-Monitor software and PT-8000A.

At first please check the following notes:

- 1. The PT-8000A is on, receives a constant signal and displays the signal strength with the dBm scale (see chapter 18 / page 57)
- 2. PT-8000A and PC are proper connected according to A1.5 (page A1-2)
- 3. The PC is prepared for audio signal recording (192 kHz)

If note 1 and 2 are ok, but the PT-8000A receiving signal cannot be seen in the panorama display, check note 3.

Then proceed as follows:



<u>Fig. A1- 9</u>



Fig. A1-10

Sounds and Audio Devices Properties ? X Volume Sounds Audio Voice Hardware Sound playback Default device: Realtek HD Audio output • Volume. Advanced. Sound recording Default device: Realtek HD Audio Input Volume. Advanced. MIDI music playback Default device: Microsoft GS Wavetable SW Synth -Volu<u>m</u>e. About.. Se only default devices 0K Cancel Apply

Click in the Windows start menu Start → Settings → Control Panel.

 The window Control Panel will be opened (Fig. A1- 10).

Double-click the icon Sounds and Audio Devices.

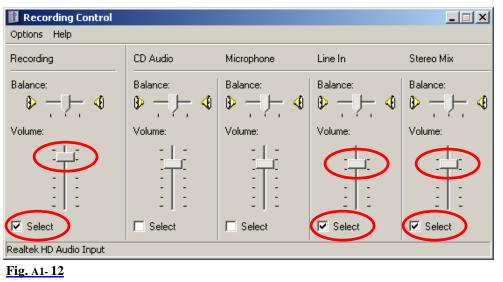
 The window Sounds and Audio Devices Properties will be opened (Fig. A1- 11).

Click under Audio tab in the area Sound recording the button Volume...

• The Recording Control panel will be opened (Fig. A1- 12).

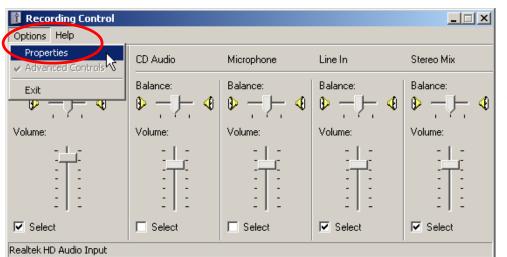
A1- 6





Make sure that sliders for Recording, Line In and Stereo Mix are located in upper position and the allocated Select boxes are checked.

Now the PT-8000A signal should be seen on IF-Monitor.



If not all controls are shown which should be verified, open the menu Options and click Properties.

 The window Properties will be opened (Fig. A1- 14).

Fig. A1-13

Properties	<u>?</u> ×
Mixer device: Realtek HD Audio Input	•
Adjust volume for	
O Playback	
Recording	
C Other	-
Show the following volume controls:	
CD Audio	
Microphone	
Stereo Mix	
	cel

Make sure that the boxes of Recording, Line In and Stereo Mix are checked at least.

Click OK

Then proceed as described in Fig. A1- 12.

<u>Fig. A1- 14</u>

Close all opened windows of audio settings.



Fig. A1- 15

In the IF-Monitor window open the menu Tools and click the entry Screen (Fig. A1- 15).

 The window Screen will be opened (Fig. A1- 16).

Screen		
Panorama Scale move - - Measured value to adjust 0 Move srceen 0 Average over 3 	Waterfall Contrast	Noise level
ОК		

Fig. A1-16

This window offers to you three options of settings to adjust the display of the signal level.

Proceed as follows:

- Use slider Scale move to shift dBm scale vertically, so that Automarkers displayed Peak value is close to the dBm value shown on the PT-8000A display. (Range ±50 dBm in 10 dBm steps, default value is 0)
 - Use up and down arrows or input value directly to shift the curve up and down, so that Automarkers displayed Peak value is equal to value shown on the PT-8000A display. (Range ±20 dBm in 1 dBm steps, default value is 0)
 - If the curve exceeds the display range, both dBm scale and curve jointly can be moved vertically by using up and down arrows or direct value input. (Range ±40 dBm in 1 dBm steps, default value is 0)

Average over

Scale move

Measured value to adjust

Move screen

This parameter allows to control the smoothing of curve. The number of measured points which are the source of an average value can be modified by using up and down arrows or direct value input. (Range 0 ... 20 increment 1, default value is 3)

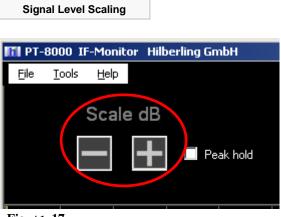
Click OK to terminate the adjustment.



Made changes are stored and will be used when program has been started the next time.

A1.6.6 Signal Level and Panorama Width Scaling

The two display areas for MAIN and SUB-RX can be scaled both vertically (signal level / dBm) and horizontally (panorama width / kHz).



For scaling the signal level click the buttons and + below Scale dB top left of the program window.

Fig. A1- 17

The following 6 scales are adjustable:

Width [dBm]	Range from to [dBm]
140	-10150
105	-45150
70	-80150
52.5	-97.5150
42	-108150
35	-115150

Table A1- 1

Default width is 140 dBm respectively -10 ... -150 dBm.



In case other ranges of scale are displayed as shown in the right column, then at least one of the two values for Scale move and Move screen in the dialog window Screen is unequal to 0 (see Fig. A1- 16).

Panorama Width Scaling



For scaling the panorama width click the buttons \square and + below Span kHz top right of the program window.

Fig. A1- 18

There are panorama widths available of \pm 25 kHz to \pm 3 kHz with 1 kHz increments. Default width is \pm 25 kHz.



Changes done to Scale dB and Span kHz are stored and will be used on program restart.

A1.6.7 Waterfall Chart

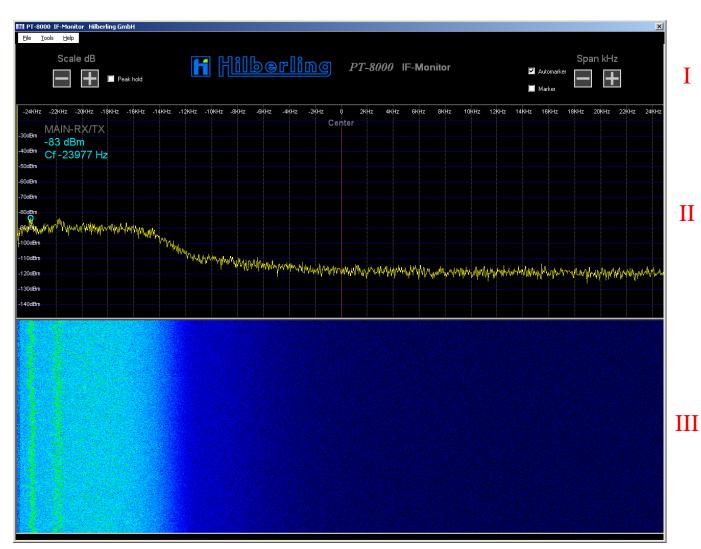
For each RX a waterfall chart can be shown in addition to its panorama display. The panorama display for the other RX will be omitted.



Fig. A1-19

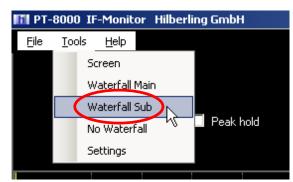
To view the waterfall chart of MAIN RX open the menu Tools and click the entry Waterfall Main.

The waterfall chart will be displayed instead of the panorama display of SUB-RX in the lower area (III) of the program window. It will begin to grow from the top straight down to the maximum display range of about 35 seconds.





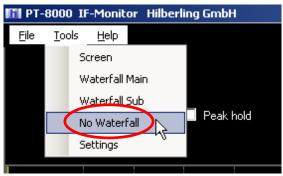




To view the waterfall chart for the SUB RX open the menu Tools and click the entry Waterfall Sub.

Now the frequency panorama of the SUB-RX will be displayed in the middle area (II), the corresponding waterfall chart in the lower area (III).

Fig. A1- 21



To stop the waterfall display, open the menu Tools and click the entry No Waterfall.

Now both panorama displays of MAIN- and SUB-RX will be displayed in the areas II and III of the program window.

Fig. A1-22

Color Display Adjustment To adjust the panorama display to make out useful signals and noise by different colors, proceed as follows:



- Open the menu Tools and click the entry Screen
 - The window Screen will be opened (Fig. A1- 24)

Fig. A1-23

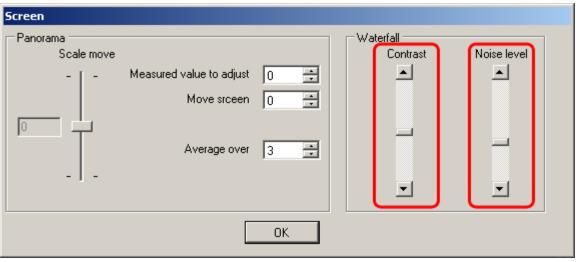


Fig. A1-24

Vary the settings of the sliders Waterfall contrast and Noise level, until it reaches a good representation (useful signal light, noise dark).

A2 FIRMWARE UPDATE AND UPDATE SOFTWARE

A2.1 Preliminary Note

This appendix describes how to update the operation software of your PT-8000A transceiver (= firmware update).

Please note: Update of the PT-8000A operation software needs basic knowledge in handling a Windows[®] computer. If you are unsure to install and set-up programs on your computer please look for help in your personal environment or get in touch directly to your dealer or Hilberling GmbH.

A2.2 Introduction

The PT-8000A is controlled by 5 microprocessors. Therefore, a plurality of functions is defined by software. This has clear advantages: The insertion of new features and changes in performances are possible as well as the realization of special needs, especially for commercial applications. The update is done with a PC / laptop (hereafter referred only to the PC) running the operating system Microsoft Windows[®].

A2.3 Requirements and Procedure

To update the PT-8000A operation programs (= firmware) are required:

- 1. Windows computer featuring:
 - Windows XP/Vista/7[®] (Administrator rights are required!)
 - 12 MB free memory space on hard disk drive
 - USB connector
- 2. Update program (will be installed on PC).
- 3. PT-8000A operation program (firmware) in the latest version (will be transferred by the update program to the PT-8000A); updatable is the firmware of the following microprocessors (CPUs):
 - MAIN-CPU
 - RX-CPU
 - ANT-Tuner-CPU
- 4. USB data cable (USB-A ⇔ USB-B, see Operating Manual Page 10 / Fig. 12)

For the entire update procedure we recommend the following execution, which is also reflected in the following chapter sequence:

Preparation:

- A2.4 Download the operation program(s) / the update program from the Internet
- A2.5 Install the update program
- A2.6 Connect the PT-8000A to the PC by USB data cable

Execution:

- A2.7 Start and setup the update program
- A2.8 Get PT-8000A ready to update
- A2.9 Update of the MAIN-CPU or
- A2.10 Update of the RX- and the ANT-Tuner-CPU



A2.4 Setup Software and Firmware

The setup software is delivered with the PT-8000A transceiver on CD-ROM. It will install the Hilberling update program on your PC.

Load the CD-ROM into the CD/DVD/BD drive.

Say on your PC this drive is allocated to the character D: the setup file can be found in the following directory:

D:\Software\

Alternatively, the setup file first can be copied to the Windows desktop or into any other directory on the PCs hard disk drive, e.g.:

C:\Downloads\

Do the same with the new PT-8000A firmware. If you get it on CD-ROM it is located in the directory

D:\Firmware\

If the firmware exists as a compressed archive file (ZIP file) it must be unpacked before further use.

A2.5 Install Update Program on PC

To start the installation double-click the file setup_PT8000_Update.exe.

On CD-ROM it can be found in the directory \Software \.

If the file was first copied to the Windows desktop or to another directory on the hard disk, e. g. to C:\Downloads\, double-click it there.

- The update program will be installed by default into the standard directory depending on current Windows version.
- A program linkage (PT8000_Update) will be added by default to the Windows start menu folder Start → Programs → PT8000_Update.
- Optional a program linkage can be created on the Windows desktop.

A2.6 Connect PT-8000A to PC by USB Data Cable

To update the software (see the following chapter A2.7) connect the PC (any USB connector; Type A) and the PT-8000A (connector J22, Type B, see Operating Manual Page 5) using the included USB data cable.

A2.7 Start and set up the Update Program

X

The update program will be started from the Windows Start menu: Start → Programs → PT8000 Update → Start PT8000 Update



No connection with port COM1

OK

First the program checks whether the PC's internal serial port COM 1 is available and not already in use elsewhere.

If COM 1 is available the update program will be connected automatically and a message box will be displayed (Fig. A2- 2).

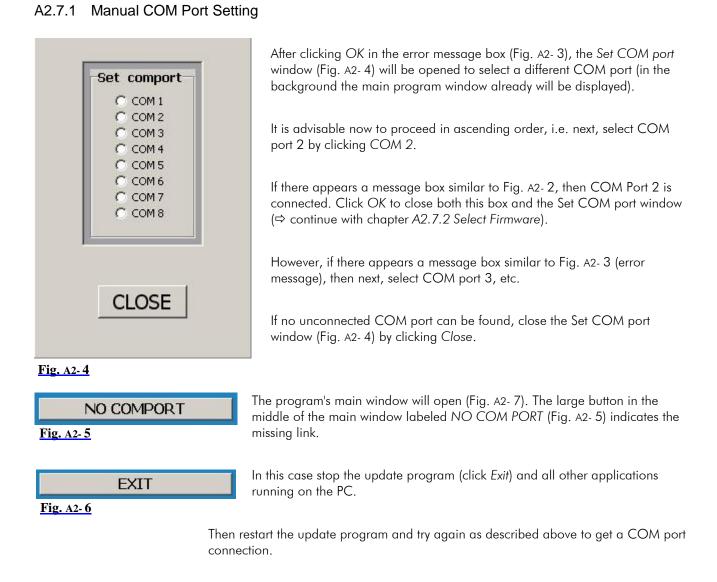
Click OK to close the message box; the program's main window will be opened (⇔ continue with chapter A2.7.2 Select Firmware).

If COM1 is currently not available on the PC because another application already has access to it, an appropriate error message will be displayed (Fig. A2- 3). Now it is necessary to set the COM port manually (see the following chapter A2.7.1).

ERRORNUM = 8

ERROR

Fig. A2-3





A2.7.2 Select Firmware

Hill PT8000 Software Update (Version 0.95) Datei	
Software Update PT8000 Hilberling	GmbH Germany
Update File No file	Ver. No Version Browse
Start	
Datalength 0 Comport = COM1	
Bytes sent 0	
0%	
	1

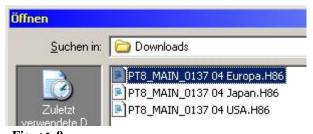
If COM port 1 (or another port) is available, the program's main window will open with a corresponding entry in the large middle button. (If a different COM port is to be used, click the button).

Fig. A2-7

The entry No file in the field Update File indicates that no operation program has been selected yet:

Update File	No file	Ver. No Version	Browse	
Fig. A2-8				

Use the Browse button to navigate to the directory where you have stored the new operation program(s) (firmware) received from Hilberling GmbH, e.g. C:\Downloads\.



Select from the dialog box *Open* the new operation program (in this example, the operation program for the MAIN-CPU / Europe in the *Downloads* directory) and then click *Open*.

<u>Fig. A2- 9</u>

Now the selected new operation program will be displayed in the field *Update File*, the version number in the field *Ver*.:

Update File	C:\Downloads\PT8_MAIN_0137 04 Europa.H86	>	Ver.	M 01.37	Browse
Fig. A2- 10					



The field Data Length displays the file size in bytes of the operation program.

<u>Fig. A2- 11</u>

Start Fig. A2-12	program is re	on is now set to active (black font) and the ady for program transfer vith chapter A2.8 Get PT-8000A ready to	
No operation program	If in the Open dialog by following message will	ox no program will be selected (by clickin be displayed:	g Cancel), the
Update File No updatefi	le available	Ver. No Ver	sion Browse
Fig. A2- 13 Start Fig. A2- 14	In this case th	e Start button remains inactive (grey font)	
Terminate update program EXIT Fig. A2-15	Using the Exit	button the update program may be termi	inated at any time.
i	well as the version num		a hint to the CPU, as
	CPU	File Name	Version
	MAIN CPU	PT8_MAIN_0137 04 Europa.H86	M 01.37 04
	RX CPU	PT8_RX_0118.hex	R 01.18
	ANT-Tuner CPU	HFKoppler_V112.hex	K 01.12
			<u>Tab. A2- 1</u>

A2.8 Get PT-8000A ready to update

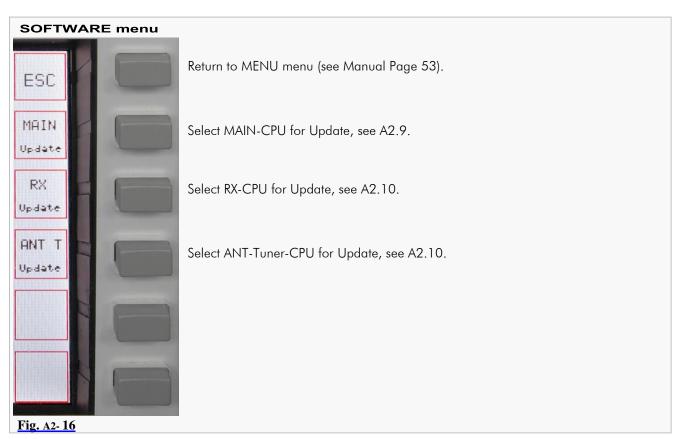
Once the PC is ready for update, now the PT-8000A needs to be set to the update standby mode.

MENU

- 1. Pushing MENU button located in the cluster DISPLAY:
 - The MENU menu will be displayed (see Manual Page 53).

Soft

- 2. Pushing Soft softkey:
 - The SOFTWARE menu will be called up (Fig. A2-16).
 - An overview of the currently loaded software versions will be shown on display (Fig. A2- 17).



Softwarever	rsion	ESC
PT8000-A		MAIN
MAIN-CPU:	M 00.17	Update
RX-CPU:	R 00.56	RX Update
ANT-Tuner CPU:	K 01.02	ANT T
DISPLAY:	D 01.02	Update
Alter the Could		
 Santa Section 1991 		
E'		J

The screen Software Version PT-8000A with a list of the currently loaded software versions will be shown on the main display area.

An update of the DISPLAY software is currently not required.

Fig. A2-17

CPU selection

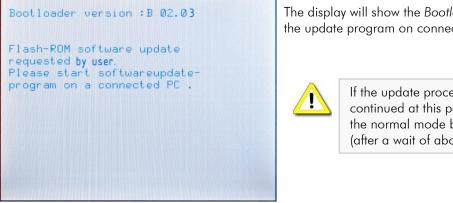
Select from the Software menu (Figure A2-16 resp. 17) the one CPU of which new operation program you have selected in Chapter A2.7.2 to the PC program. Depending on CPU selection the update process will be slightly different:

- The update of the MAIN-CPU is described in the following chapter A2.9.
- The update of the RX- and the ANT-Tuner-CPU is described in the after next chapter A2.10

A2.9 Update of MAIN-CPU



Pushing MAIN Update softkey (SOFTWARE menu; Fig. A2-16 resp. 17) will start the update process for the MAIN-CPU.



The display will show the Bootloader screen with a prompt to start the update program on connected PC.

If the update procedure should not be further continued at this point, the PT-8000A is set back to the normal mode by turning off (POWER) and restart (after a wait of about 10 seconds).

Fig. A2- 18

The PT-8000A is now ready to update and the program transfer can begin.

Requirements for a successful program transfer are:

1. PT-8000A and PC are connected via USB cable (A2.6).

before clicking, see chapter A2.8).

- 2. The update program has been started, a COM port is connected and the new operation program (update file) is loaded (A2.7).
- 3. The PT-8000A is ready to update (A2.8).

update.

4. The Update standby mode of the PT-8000A and the loaded operating program agree respecting the CPU (MAIN-CPU).

The adjacent message box prompts you to set the PT-8000A ready to

This is already done here, so click OK (Otherwise please catch up

Start

Click the Start button in the main window of the update program.

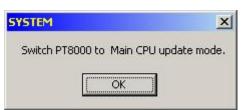


Fig. A2- 19



Fig. A2-20



If a connection error is occurred (e.g. PT-8000A is not ready to update), the adjacent message box will be shown (Fig. A2- 20).

Check the correct connection of PT-8000A and PC (by the supplied USB data cable).





Does the new operation program loaded in the PC not match to the selected CPU of the PT-8000A, this is pointed out with an error message box (Fig. A2-21).

Note that the selected CPU of the PT-8000A matches to the operation program loaded in the PC's update program (letters *M*, R and K are prefixed to the version number).

Comparing Version Numbers Now the update program compares the version numbers of the current and the new operation program. Depending on the outcome different messages are shown on the PT-8000A display and PC message boxes.

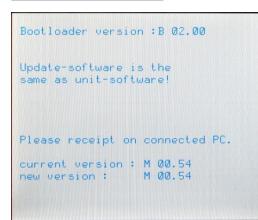
curr	ent	ve	ers	ion	:	М	00.	54
new	vers	sic	n	:		Μ	00.	58
Fig. A2-	. 22							

In case the new operation program has a higher version number than the current version on PT-8000A, the display will show these numbers in the lower area.

Fig. A2- 22



Warning Notice



In case the new operation program has the same version number as the current version on PT-8000A, the display will show a warning notice and in the lower area these (identical) numbers.



If the update procedure should not be further continued at this point, the PT-8000A is set back to the normal mode by turning off (POWER) and restart (after a wait of about 10 seconds).

Fig. A2-24



Fig. A2-25

On PC screen a message box will show a warning notice that the new program version number is identical to the current version.

The message box prompts you to start or abort the program transfer.

Click OK to start the program transfer.

By clicking Cancel the program transfer will not be performed.

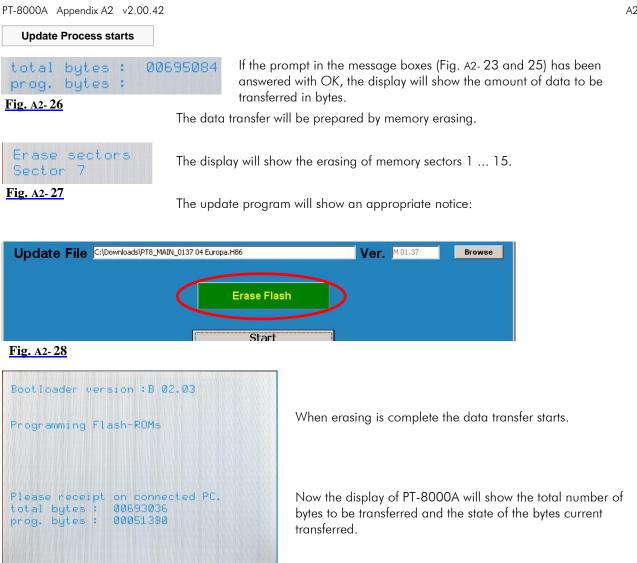
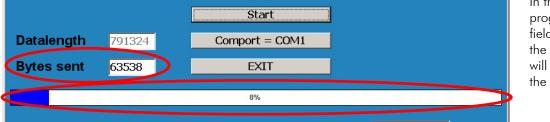


Fig. A2- 29

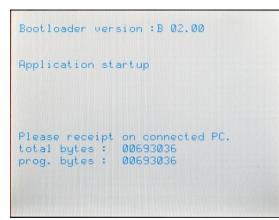


In the PC update program both the field *Bytes sent* and the blue progress bar will show the state of the transfer.

Fig. A2-30

It is:

Total Bytes = Data Length (entire amount of data to be transferred) Prog. Bytes = Bytes Sent (amount of data transferred by now)



When data transfer is complete, on the display of the PT-8000A the message *Application startup* will point out the automatic restart of the transceiver after a short waiting period.

Fig. A2-31



Softwareupdate successful con PT8000 will restart with new so		On the PC, the update program displays in a message box the successful transfer of data and points out the automatic restart of the PT-8000A as well; click OK.
Abb. A2- 32		
Please wait few seconds		er message box appears and points out the automatic restart of the short waiting period; click OK.
Abb. A2- 33	The PT-8000A will	now restart automatically with the new MAIN-CPU software.

If you would like to do no more updates, exit the update program by clicking the *EXIT* button.

A2.10 Update of RX- and ANT-Tuner-CPU

At this point, an example of the update process for the RX CPU is displayed. The ANT-Tuner CPU is updated in the same manner.



EXIT

Pushing <u>RX Update</u> softkey (SOFTWARE menu; Fig. A2- 16/17) will start the update process for the RX-CPU. The Display will show the Softwareupdate RX-CPU screen.

At first a confirmation prompt and a warning notice will be shown (Fig. A2- 34).

Softwareupdate RX-CPU Do you really want to update RX-CPU ? Old version will be deleted and can't be recovered!	ESC NO	The ESC and NO softkeys lead back to the screen and the softkey menu Softwareversion (Fig. A2- 16/17). Confirmation prompt if the RX CPU is really to be updated. Warning notice: The old version will be deleted and cannot be restored!
	YES	The YES softkey confirms the update process.

Fig. A2- 34



Pushing <u>YES</u> confirms the update process. Now the display will prompt to start the update program on the connected PC (Fig. A2- 35).

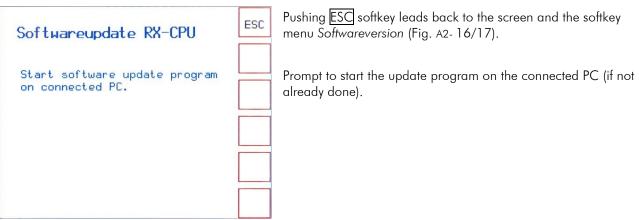


Fig. A2- 35

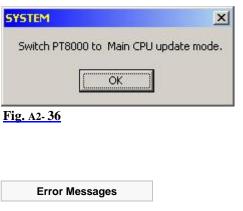
The PT-8000A is now ready to update, and the program transfer can begin.

Requirements for a successful program transfer are:

- 1. PT-8000A and PC are connected via USB cable (A2.6).
- 2. The update program has been started, a COM port is connected and the new operation program (update file) is loaded (A2.7).
- 3. The PT-8000A is ready to update (A2.8).
- 4. The Update standby mode of the PT-8000A and the loaded operating program agree respecting the CPU (MAIN-CPU).

Start

Click the Start button in the main window of the update program.



X

The adjacent message box prompts you to set the PT-8000A ready to update.

This is already done, so click OK (Otherwise please catch up before clicking, see chapter A2.8).

If a connection error is occurred (e.g. PT-8000A is not ready to update), the adjacent message box will be shown (Fig. A2- 37).

Abb. A2- 37

ERROR



No answer from PT 8000

programming terminated.

Check RS232 connection and PT8000 programming mode

OK

Check the correct connection of PT-8000A and PC (by the supplied USB data cable).

A2- 12





!

Comparing Version Numbers Does the new operation program loaded on PC not match to the selected CPU of the PT-8000A, this is pointed out by an error message box (Fig. A2- 38).

Note that the selected CPU of the PT-8000A matches to the operation program loaded into PC's update program (letters M, R and K are prefixed to the version number).

Now the update program compares the version numbers of the current and the new operation program. Depending on the outcome different messages are shown on the PT-8000A display and PC message boxes.

In case the new operation program has a higher version number than the current version on PT-8000A, the display will show these numbers in lower area.

Softwareupdate RX-CPU	Pushing ESC leads back to the screen and the softkey menu Softwareversion (Fig. A2- 16/17).
Start software update program on connected PC.	(Prompt see Fig. A2- 35).
Present softR 00.01stalled: new version:R 00.02	Display of current and new program version.

Fig. A2- 39

SYSTEM	×
Start PT8000 pro	gamming
OK	

On PC screen a message box prompts you to start the program transfer.

Click OK to start the program transfer.

Fig. A2-40

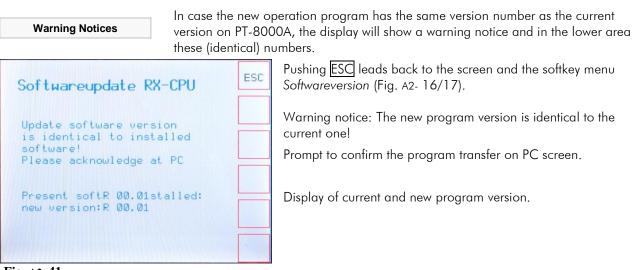


Fig. A2-41

SYSTEM	×					
PT8000 RX CPU SWVersion is the same as the version you want to send ! Start PT8000 progamming						
OK	Cancel					

On PC screen a message box will show a warning notice that the new program's version number is identical to the current version.

The message box prompts you to start or abort the program transfer.

Click OK to start the program transfer.

By clicking Cancel the program transfer will not performed.

Fig. A2-42

In case the new program's version number is lower than the current one used by PT-8000A, the display will show a warning notice and below the version numbers of both the current and the new operating program.



Pushing ESC leads back to the screen and the softkey menu Softwareversion (Fig. A2-16/17).

Warning notice: The new program's version number is lower than the current one!

Prompt to confirm the program transfer on PC.

Display of current and new program version.

Fig. A2-43



Fig. A2-44

Update Process starts

On PC screen a message box will show a warning notice that the new program version is older than the current one.

The message box prompts you to start or abort the program transfer. Click OK to start the program transfer.

By clicking Cancel the program transfer will not be performed.

Softwareupdate RX-CPU Software update has been started! Present softR 00.96stalled: new version:R 00.01 total bytes: 00023445 prog. bytes: 00004523

If the prompt in the message boxes (Fig. A2-40/42/44) has been answered with OK, the display of the PT-8000A will show a message as well as the state of data transfer.

> Message, that the transfer of the operating program has been started.

Display of current and new program version.

The display will now show the total number of bytes to be transferred and the state of the bytes current transferred.





PT8000 Software Up Datei	date (Version 0.95)				
Upload PT8000 RX CPU Software Version R 01.18					
Update File	C:\Downloads\Downloads\P	78_RX_0118.hex	Ver. R 01.18	Browse	
		Start]		
Datalength	64562	Comport = COM1			
Bytes sent	6993	EXIT			
		11%			
			281		

On PC screen the title bar of the main window will show that program transfer has been started (*Upload*).

Both the field *Bytes Sent* and the blue progress bar will show the state of data transfer.

Fig. A2-46

Regarding amount of data in the display of the PT-8000A and the program window on PC screen the following applies:

Total Bytes	= Data Length (entire amount of data to be transferred)
Prog. Bytes	 Bytes Sent (amount of data transferred by now)



The program transfer may take up to 30 minutes - depending on the size of the operation program.

When data transfer is completed, the display of the $\ensuremath{\mathsf{PT}}\xspace.$

Softwareupdate RX-CPU	
Software has been updated successfully! Power cycle PT-8000 to continue operation	Message: The program transfer has been completed successfully. Prompt to restart the PT-8000A.
Present softR 00.96stalled: new version:R 00.01 total bytes: 00023445 prog. bytes: 00023445	Display of current and new program version. The display will now show the total number of bytes to be transferred and the state of the bytes transferred.

Fig. A2- 47

SYSTEM		×
	eupdate successful co estart PT8000.	mpleted
	OK	
Fig. A2- 4	8	

The PC also reports in a message box that the program transfer has been completed successfully and prompts to restart the PT-8000A.

Click OK to close the message box.



Switch off the PT-8000A by POWER switch and restart after a waiting time of about 10 seconds.

After restart, the transceiver operates with the new transferred operation program.

Quit the update program on PC (EXIT button) or start another CPU update.

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A3 TECHNICAL DOCUMENTS

A3.1 Technical Data

RX Double Super Heterodyne 1st IF	40.7 MHz and 2nd IF	0.7	MHz				
RX-Range MAIN/SUB				59.9 70	.5 MHz /	144 148 MHz /	110 143.99 MHz
Xtal-Filter 1st and 2nd IF (BW)	40.7 MHz (BW 5	0 kHz) ; 10.7 M	Hz (BW 0.	5 6 kHz	/ 15 kHz ; Option (CW-BW 250 Hz)
Sensitivity @ 10 dB S+N/N	AM				SSB		CW
9 kHz 1.8 MHz *	6 kHz / 2 μV		15 kHz / 0.	5 μV	2.4 k	Hz / 1 μV	0.5 kHz / 0.5 μV
1.8 30 MHz	6 kHz / 1.2 μV		15 kHz / 0.	15 kHz / 0.18 μV		Hz / 0.25 μV	0.5 kHz / 0.1 μV
50 54 MHz	6 kHz / 1.0 μV		15 kHz / 0.	16 μV	2.4 k	Hz / 0.25 μV	0.5 kHz / 0.1 μV
69.9 70.5 MHz	6 kHz / 1.0 μV		15 kHz / 0.	16 μV	2.4 k	Hz / 0.24 μV	0.5 kHz / 0.09 μV
144 148 MHz	6 kHz / 1.0 μV		15 kHz / 0.15 μV		2.4 kHz / 0.24 μV		0.5 kHz / 0.09 μV
110 143,99 MHz *	6 kHz / 1.5 μV		15 kHz / 0.18 μV		2.4 kHz / 0.36 μV		0.5 kHz / 0.14 μV
IMD DR3 @ 2 kHz (typ.) **		105 dB / 1,8 30 MHz					
Blocking @ 100 kHz (typ.)			1	42 dB / 1	,8 30 N	١Hz	
Image Rejection and Spurious	1.8 30 MHz	5	0 54 MHz	69.97	0.5 MHz	144 148 MHz	110 143.99 MHz
Signal Suppression	> 98 dB		> 86 dB	> 12	1 dB	> 142 dB	> 104 dB
Digital Signal Processing (DSP)	variable bandwidth fo	r 2nd	IF 10.7 MHz Xi	al filters; m	ultiple auto	matic audio notch f	iltering;
	almost undistorted au	dio w	hen engaging a	utomatic no	oise reductio	on through enhance	d algorithms
IF Outputs BW 50 kHz	center frequencies: 40).7 M	Hz ; 10.7 MHz	; 60 kHz			
AF Output	4.8 Watt (2 x 2.4 Wat	H MA	IN / SUB) ; ada	litional spec	aker in HN	8000 connectable	
* technical specs in subareas not guaranteed	** 3rd Order Intermodulation D	istortior	n Dynamic Range				
TX All-Mode							
Frequency Range	1.8 30 MHz (1	50 / 8	30 / 60 / 40 / 3	0 / 20 /	5	0 54 MHz / 69	9 70.5 MHz /
	,		/ 10 m-Band)	0, 20,		144 148 MHz (6	
Mode	AM / AME	,	SSB / CW	/ FM		M / AME	SSB / CW / FM
Output Power	50 Watt		200 W			25 Watt	100 Watt
PA IMD3 @ 10,1 MHz (typ.) / PEP		50 W/all 200 W/all 200 W/all 200 W/ \geq 38 dB					
Carrier Suppression	SSB ≥70 dB / PEP						
Opposite Sideband Suppression	SSB ≥70 dB / @1 kHz						
FM Frequency Deviation	± 3 kHz FMN ; repe	± 3 kHz FMN ; repeater operation with variable shift ±0 2 MHz					
C							
General Mamana Channala	a no ancientad in 2 h angles	00		and and a		ta a sa ala	
Memory Channels	organized in 3 banks						
Frequency Stability Environmental Conditions	temperature range 10				sidble ± 1 .	5 ppm; TO Milz C	oven ; int/ext ; in/out
Environmental Conditions	avoid high humidity (,	, .	lusty opara	ing conditions	
Antenna Connectors				-		-	
Dimensions (W x H x D)		N-type: 2 x HF 50 Ohm and 1 x VHF 50 Ohm ; BNC-type: 1 x HF RX 50 Ohm approx. 425 mm x 175 mm x 465 mm					
Weight	approx. 28 kg (62 lbs		1 x 403 mm				
		•/					
HN-8000 Switching Power Supply f							
Mains / Power Requirement	AC 90 260 V Powe						
Output	DC 13.8 V / 11 Amp. ; 50 V / 14 Amp. ; 13.8 V / 5 Amp. (AUX)						
Dimensions (W x H x D)	approx. 225 mm x 175 mm x 440 mm						
Weight	approx. 10 kg (22 lbs	.)					
Accessories							
All Versions	Cable Set (AC, DC, Ground, Speaker)						
Ham Version	Desk Microphone T9 ; 600 Ohm @ 1kHz ; dynamic ; RFI-proof ; kidney-shaped acoustic response						
Specification Professional Version	1						
	TX-range according to						isted and more ;
	for additional informa	tion c	and special requi	rements ple	ease contac	Triberling GmbH	Tah 13-1

Technical specs subject to change without notice

<u>Tab. A3- 1</u>

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A4 CUSTOMER INFORMATION

A4.1 User Information

User Information and Statutory Regulations

Das Amateurfunkgerät PT-8000A entspricht der europäischen Norm für Amateurfunkgeräte EN301489-1, EN301489-15 und EN301783-1. Es ist baumustergeprüft gem. EMV-Richtlinie 2004/108/EG. Das Gerät ist zur Bestätigung, dass es den geltenden EMV-Bestimmungen der EG entspricht, mit dem CE Zeichen versehen.

Die Hilberling GmbH ist als Hersteller von Sende- Empfangsgeräten verpflichtet, auf folgende gesetzliche Bestimmungen hinzuweisen:

Es gelten folgende einschränkende Bedingungen:

Dieses Gerät ist ausschließlich für die Verwendung durch Funkamateure im Sinne des Gesetzes über den Amateurfunk in der jeweils gültigen Fassung bestimmt. Beim Betrieb der Geräte sind das Amateurfunkgesetz sowie ergänzende Gesetze und Rechtsvorschriften zu beachten.

In Deutschland, wie auch in anderen EU-Staaten, gelten besondere Vorschriften für den Erwerb, Besitz und Betrieb von Amateurfunkgeräten. Bereits der Erwerb und der Besitz dieses Gerätes durch nicht berechtigte Personen können strafbar sein!

Der PT-8000A und alle eventuell nach- und vorgeschalteten Zusatzgeräte und -teile müssen so betrieben werden, dass die Anforderungen der EMV-Richtlinie 2004/108/EG eingehalten werden. Ohne nachgeschaltete Leistungsverstärker erfüllen die Geräte den europäischen Standard ETS 300 684, bei Einsatz von HF-Leistungsverstärkern ist zur Einhaltung der europäischen Norm ETS 300 684 bzw. der nationalen Amateurfunkbestimmungen u.U. die Verwendung von Anpassfiltern bzw. zusätzlichen Oberwellenfilter erforderlich. Hierfür ist der Funkamateur selbst verantwortlich.

Auch wenn die Geräte PT-8000A erweiterte Sende- und Empfangsfrequenzbereiche haben sollten, dürfen Funkamateure grundsätzlich nur zugewiesene Amateurfunkfrequenzen benutzen.

A4.2 Warranty Terms

Guarantee

Für die PT-8000A Geräte, die HN-8000 Netzteile und die Mikrofone T 9 gelten die gesetzlichen Garantie- und Gewährleistungsbestimmungen unter der Voraussetzung des bestimmungsgemäßen Gebrauchs. Dies beinhaltet insbesondere die Beachtung der in diesem Handbuch genannten Betriebsgrenzen.

A4- 2

A4.3 Disposal Scheme

Gebrauchte Elektro- und Elektronikgeräte dürfen gemäß europäischer Vorgaben nicht mehr zum unsortierten Siedlungsabfall gegeben werden. Sie müssen getrennt erfasst und über einen Öffentlich-Rechtlichen-Entsorger (ÖRE) oder gleichgestellte privatwirtschaftliche Unternehmen entsorgt werden.

Das Symbol der durchgestrichenen Abfalltonne auf Rädern auf der Geräterückseite weist auf die Notwendigkeit der getrennten Sammlung hin.

Entsprechend dem deutschen "Gesetz über das Inverkehrbringen, die Rücknahme und die umweltverträgliche Entsorgung von Elektro- und Elektronikgeräten", kurz ElektroG, ist die Hilberling GmbH bei der Stiftung Elektro-Altgeräte Register als Inverkehrbringer von Elektro-/Elektronikgeräten mit der WEEE-Registrierungs-Nummer DE 19129052 angemeldet und somit an der gemeinsamen Entsorgung von Elektro- und Elektronikschrott beteiligt.

Bei Fragen hierzu wenden Sie sich bitte an die Hilberling GmbH:

per E-Mail	<u>info@hilberling.de</u>
per Telefon	04331-20171-0
per Fax	04331-20171-10
per Briefpost	Hilberling GmbH Kieler Straße 53 24768 Rendsburg

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A5.4 Glossar	ſy	
AGC	Automatic Gain Control	Automatische Lautstärkenanpassung
ANF	Automatic Notch Filter	Automatisches Kerbfilter
ANT-TUNER	Antenna Tuner	Gerät, um Antennen bzw. Speiseleitungen an den Sender/Empfänger anzupassen
ATT	Attenuator	Antennensignal-Abschwächer
BITE	Built In Test Equipment	Eingebauter Selbsttest
CLAR	Clarifier	"Korrigierer"; siehe RIT
CW	Continuous Wave	Unmodulierte Aussendung; (zumeist Telegrafie)
DDS	Direct Digital Synthesis	Direkte digitale Synthese
DSP	Digital Signal Processing	Digitale Signalverarbeitung
DRM	Digital Radio Mondiale	Standard für digitalen Rundfunk auf Lang-, Mittel- und Kurzwelle
IF-Notch	Intermediate Frequency Notch	Zwischenfrequenz-Kerbfilter
ISB	Independent Side Band	Unabhängige Seitenbänder
MAIN (-RX)	Main-Receiver	Hauptempfänger
MNF	Multi-Notch-Filter	Mehrfach-Kerbfilter
NB	Noise Blanker	Störaustaster -> gegen impulsförmige Störungen
NR	Noise Reduction	Rauschunterdrückung
PTT	Push To Talk	Schaltung in den TX-Betrieb
RF	Radio Frequency	Hochfrequenz (HF, nur in DL)
RIT	Receiver Incremental Tuning	Nachstimmung der Empfangsfrequenz (siehe auch CLAR)
RX	Receiver	Empfänger
SPLIT		"Aufspaltung" – d.h. Trennung von TX-/RX- Frequenz; kein Gleichwellenbetrieb
SCAN		Frequenzsuchlauf über Speicherplätze
SQL	Squelch	Rauschsperre
SSB	Single Side Band	Einseitenbandsignal
STEP-Encoder	Gerasteter Pulsgeber	Drehregler, "Endlos-Poti" (ohne Anschlag) beim PT-8000A alle mit Drucktasten-Funktion
SUB (-RX)	Sub-Receiver	Neben-/ Zweitempfänger
TCVR=XCVR=TRX	Transceiver	Sende-Empfänger
ТΧ	Transmitter	Sender
VFO	Variable Frequency Oscillator	durchstimmbarer Frequenz Oszillator
VOX	Voice Operated Transmission	Sprachgesteuertes Senden
XIT	Transmitter Incremental Tuning	Nachstimmung der Sendefrequenz (siehe auch RIT)
ZERO-BEAT		Ablage zwischen zwei Stationen geht gegen Null

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